Professor Serviss's Careful Study of FACTS

DO THE DEAD COME BACK?

A Remarkable Article in Tomorrow's Boston American

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair and continued cold to-night and Sunday; fresh westerly winds, diminishing.

High water: 10:40 a. m., 11:17 p. m.

HEARST'S

BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

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MASSACHUSETTS MAN VICTIM $258,000 SECURITIES ROBBERY

GREAT THEFT IS INVOLVED IN DEEPEST MYSTERY

About $100,000 in Negotiable Paper Among the Property Stolen, It Is Said, But Name of Owner Is Kept Secret—Pinkerton Detectives Working on the Case.

Bonds and securities valued at $258,000 have been stolen from a prominent man of Massachusetts within the last few days. Of these $100,000 are in negotiable paper, but the matter has not been reported to the police, and the Pinkertons, who are investigating the great theft, refuse to give either the name of the victim or the time and place of the theft.

The lawyers representing the man who was robbed have attempted to stop any sale of these bonds, both in this city and over the country.

One of the members of the firm of MacPherson, Hyde & Damon, lawyers at No. 50 Congress street, who represent the victim, said to the BOSTON AMERICAN this afternoon:

"$258,000 IS MISSING."

"The total amount of the missing securities is $258,000, of which $100,000 could be handled in the open market. The matter is now in the hands of the Pinkertons and some result is expected as the result of their investigation within a very short while. The man who was robbed was a prominent Massachusetts man. Beyond that I can say nothing at this time. The theft was not committed in Boston, and the fact only became known to our client within the last few hours."

Superintendent George S. Leith, of the Pinkertons, refused to give this information, but said:

"The case is not under the jurisdiction of the Boston police.

"The securities were taken from some place out of Boston. It is possible that they may be offered for sale or negotiation in Boston, and we are using all our men to find out if they have been offered here."

Despite the refusal of those who know to give definite information as to the ownership of the bonds and securities and the method of the theft, this partial list of the stolen securities is said to be correct:

LIST OF LOST SECURITIES.

A promissory note, signed G. Henry Whitcomb, to his own order, and indorsed in blank $5,000, due February 21, payable at the office of the American Loan & Trust Company; a note of the Shaw Stocking Company for $5,000, due May 28, payable at the office of the American Loan & Trust Company; a note of the Wachusett Shirt Company for $5,000, due May 11, payable at Wachusetts National Bank, Fitchburg; bonds, Kay Electric Railway Company, Nos. 121 to 130, inclusive, $50 each or $10,000, office 307 John street, building, Boston; coupons payable at International Trust Company, Boston; bonds of Norcross Properties Incorporated, Worcester, Nos. 581-2-3, $1,000 each; bonds, Norcross Properties Incorporated, Worcester, Nos. 404-5-6-7-8, $1,000 each, $5,000 in unknown paper, for $2,000 American Writing Paper bonds, numbers unknown, each $10,000.

Mr. Hyde, of MacPherson, Hyde & Damon, expressed regret this afternoon that the matter should have become public, and added that the only thing that worried him was the fear that the stolen securities might have been disposed of before due warning could be given by his firm. It was from Mr. Hyde that a statement that the bonds were stolen emanated to-day.

POLICE ARE IGNORED.

There is a possibility that a statement of the circumstances, time and manner of the theft will be made by the law firm late this afternoon. Meanwhile the police of the city or State have not been called into the matter at all as it is desired to recover the bonds if possible without their assistance.

Meanwhile the Pinkertons and the law firm have notified New York and other big cities of the country of the theft and requested that a lookout be kept for the missing securities. This far, so far as learned, nothing has come from either of these cities indicating that the bonds have been offered there.

Among some of the missing securities are those bearing the name of The American Trustee Company, to whom payments were to be made. At the office of the Trust Company this afternoon it was stated that bonds were stolen, but further information as to the owned them or to whom they were issued was refused.

SHAW COMPANY INVOLVED.

The Shaw Stocking Company, whose name alone appears on some of the stolen papers, stated this afternoon that they had nothing to say about the matter. As a matter of fact, they said the matter had not been called to their attention by either the lawyers or the Pinkertons. This may result later. Until they know more of the nature of the securities held they will not make any further statement.

Other firms and companies whose names appear take the same attitude. They will say nothing, even if they could throw any direct light on the matter, until they are advised to do so. Meanwhile the matter will probably be brought to the direct attention of the police unless the Pinkertons reach some early end.

HEARST AIMS VITAL BLOW AT STANDARD OIL MONOPOLY

INTRODUCES BILL IN CONGRESS TO CURB THE POWER OF BIG TRUSTS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—A bill aimed at the Standard Oil Trust was introduced in the House to-day by Representative William Randolph Hearst, of New York.

It declares that every contract or agreement that creates or maintains a monopoly in any product of labor or of the soil is illegal, and that trade between States in such monopolized products is prohibited.

A penalty of not more than $5,000 fine or not more than one year's imprisonment, or both, is provided for violations of the proposed law.

MANY LIVES IN PERIL BY MANHOLE EXPLOSION

HEAVY COVER HURLED HIGH BY BLAST AT SCHOOL STREET CORNER.

With a report that was heard for blocks, the heavy iron cover to a manhole of the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company at the corner of Washington and School streets was hurled fifty feet into the air by an explosion of gas beneath the cover. Occurring as it did shortly after noon and on one of the busiest portions of Washington street it was a wonder that some person was not seriously injured or even killed by the flying fragments of the cover.

The explosion was terrific, hurling high the heavy cover, which weighed about 200 pounds, and bursting it into fragments. A south-bound Jamaica Plain car had just passed the manhole, and the force of the explosion shattered the windows in the rear vestibule. The passengers were thrown into a panic momentarily, but none were injured. The report startled several horses near by, and one animal was struck by a fragment of the iron, causing it to bolt for a short distance.

Hundred or more people quickly gathered, and it required the efforts of four policemen to keep the crowd back until the repair wagon of the telephone company arrived.

It is thought that gas gathered in the manhole from some minor leak in the gas main, and that in some manner it was ignited, as witnesses of the incident state positively that a bright flash accompanied the report.

MRS. CHADWICK SEES CLAIMS

CLEVELAND, Feb. 18.—Mrs. Cassie Chadwick was prompt on hand when time for hearing of the claims of her creditors was set for rejecting it.

resumed before Referee Remington of the Federal bankruptcy court to-day. There was a big crowd to see her. She appeared in a big brown hat and fur trimmed brown coat and was looking well. She inspected claims put before her and passed opinion on them, smiling frequently.

When the claim of Herbert B. Newton, the Boston broker, which brought on the Chadwick exposure, was reached Mrs. Chadwick announced that she had no comment to make on it, neither acknowledging

Continued on 2d Page. 2d Column.

MORGAN, IT IS SAID, WANTS TO ARBITRATE

PLAN TO AVERT STRIKE

Conference of Firemen's Brotherhood Leader To-day With New Haven Magnate.

Second Vice-Grand Master Timothy Shea of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen is in New York to-day in conference with J. Pierpont Morgan, according to leased wire dispatches to the BOSTON AMERICAN, with the hope that the threatened strike of the firemen of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad may be averted by arbitration.

President Roosevelt, who is an honorary member of the firemen's organization, it is said, was proposed by Mr. Morgan as an arbiter. The name of President Melen of the railroad is also said to have been proposed by Mr. Morgan.

The officials of the Brotherhood of Firemen who are at New Haven held a secret meeting to-day, at which it is presumed the whole situation was discussed, but none of the participants would discuss the matter. It is believed that no action will be taken until the result of Mr. Shea's visit to New York is known. It is expected that a meeting of the Grievance Committee will be held at New Haven to-night, when some decisive action may be taken by the firemen.

Yale Strike Breakers.

The railroad company is steadily resulting young men to take the places of the firemen if they stop work, and at New Haven to-day twenty Yale students were among the applicants for places as strike breakers. Some of them, as well as many of the others recruited here, were placed on engines so that they might become familiar with the work that would be required of them should a strike be declared.

Between 300 and 400 men have been hooked in this city to take the places of strikers. The work is being done at No. 63 Sudbury street. It began commencing morning, and the men have been drawing pay from the time they signed the contract. They are all in this city yet, ready to leave at any time they are wanted.

While it is believed that President Bosworth would be acceptable to the firemen as an arbiter, should they decide to submit to such action, it is not believed that they would be satisfied with President Melen of the railroad company.

MOVE FOR ARBITRATION.

Firemen recalled to-day that the railroad had already offered to arbitrate by submitting the question of hours to a committee consisting of one representative from the Firemen's Brotherhood, one representative from the Locomotive Engineers' Brotherhood and a representative of the railroad. This the firemen refused, because they claimed that the road and the engineers were standing together on the question, and such an attempt at arbitration would only result in failure.

Should Mr. Shea agree to arbitrate the question to-day he will in all probability insist upon a disinterested person or committee.

Union Officials Reticent.

Second Vice Master Timothy Shea, when seen at New Haven to-day, said:

"We realize that the decision is adverse to us, but have not decided what action we shall take. We shall talk it all over, either this afternoon, or to-morrow. There is no hurry about anything in this matter. We want to be deliberate. I do not care to discuss the prospects of a strike."

Andrew F. Kelly, chairman of the Firemen's Grievance Committee, said:

"There is nothing absolutely to be said

Continued on 2d Page. 2d Column.

DOUBLE ALARM FOR FIERCE FIRE FROM DREADED BOX 52

FIREMEN BATTLING FLAMES IN LEATHER DISTRICT ON ARCH STREET.

Two alarms were rung in at 2 o'clock this afternoon from the famous box 52, at the corner of Lincoln and Summer streets for a dangerous blaze in the four-story brick block numbered 105, 111 Arch street, near the corner of Summer street, in the heart of the leather and wool district.

The fire started in the fourth floor which is used as a storage house for cotton goods and harness supplies by Charles W. Babb & Co., harness dealers, whose main store is at No. 112 Arch street, opposite the burning building.

The fire was discovered by a clerk who was checking off goods. He escaped down stairs with his shipping books under his arm, and gave the alarm.

When the firemen arrived the fourth floor was filled with smoke and flame, the cotton goods causing the smoke to be especially dense. This hindered the firemen greatly, who were obliged to fight the flames wholly from the outside. Perched on their aerial ladders, they directed streams of water in through the windows as best they could.

The goods on the top floor are a total loss. The fire worked upwards and downwards, bursting through the roof and down through into the third floor, which is occupied by the Poole Printing Company.

The lower floors were drenched not by water. The first and second floors are occupied by Joseph P. Brown & Co., wholesale drug supplies. The General Express Company is also located on the first floor at No. 105.

Flying glass from the windows burst out by the heat made matters bad for the firemen, who were in danger of being cut by the sharp fragments.

FEAR SPREAD OF SMALL-POX IN BOSTON

Fearing the spread of smallpox in Boston, the Board of Health is making the utmost efforts to learn the whereabouts of recent passengers on the Pullman car on which William Baldwin, colored, has been porter. He was taken ill with the disease four days ago, but continued his work until he arrived in Boston from Chicago on Car No. 3,134 on Thursday afternoon.

He went to the City Hospital, where his illness was diagnosed as smallpox. He was then taken to the Detention Hospital to await removal to Gallup Island. For several days he made up berths and waited on passengers who rode in the car.

If the passengers can be found, they will be kept under rigid surveillance until the period in which they may spread contagion is passed. The car has been fumigated.

TWO MOTHERS, 3 CHILDREN, DEAD IN FIRE

HOULTON, Me., Feb. 18.—Two women and three children lost their lives in a burning house fire early to-day at Howe Brook, thirty miles north.

Samuel Ashworth, a clerk for the Fish River Lumber Company, built a fire in his dwelling at about 5:30 and started for his work. Before he left home his wife and another female occupant of the house had arisen. But the children were still in bed. The man returned a few minutes later, only to find his house in flames and his family missing.

It will never be known how the fire originated. It is thought that when the blaze started the women rushed upstairs to rescue the children, and that they were unable to escape before the whole house was a mass of flames.

The bodies, burned beyond recognition, were found in a heap on the kitchen floor.

The dead are Mrs. Samuel Ashworth, twenty-two years old, and her two children, a girl of three and a boy one year old; Mrs. John Shorey of Oakfield, twenty-five years old, and daughter of five years.

MORGAN MAY BRING ABOUT PEACE ON NEW HAVEN SYSTEM

Photographed by Boston American Staff Photographer.

GROUP AT STRIKE BREAKERS' QUARTERS.

Hundreds of men, yesterday and to-day, have applied for work in the places of strikers, in case a labor war should be declared, and railroad agents have been kept busy at the recruiting office on Sudbury street.

Strong Effort to Avert Firemen's Strike by Means of Arbitration.

Continued from First Page.

in the matter. The members of the grievance committee went to their homes yesterday and will remain until this afternoon. I do not suppose that we shall get to opening the ballot boxes before to-morrow."

The threatened strike was the only subject of discussion to-day at the Dover street roundhouse of the company. Small groups of firemen and engineers were gathered in the waiting rooms and at various points about the yard, and the situation was thoroughly discussed from all sides.

Hopeful of Settlement.

Although New Haven is the hotbed of the trouble, the Boston members of the two brotherhoods are much wrought up over the matter. The strike question has been agitated here to a great extent, but the general impression prevailing among the grievance committees is that the controversy will be amicably adjusted.

The Boston Brotherhood members, to a man, according to the press agent of the BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, will support a strike movement should it be inaugurated by any of the Brotherhood branches.

Clement F. Wilcomb of South Boston, an engineer in the employ of the road, outlined the case as follows:

"The facts of the case as I understand them are these: The engineers are a recognized body of men, and the Brotherhood has a committee appointed to adjust all grievances of the engineers with the directors of the company. The firemen are also recognized as a body, in the same manner as the engineers, and also have a similar committee. The entire trouble, therefore, lies in the fact that there are a number of members of the Firemen's Brotherhood who have been appointed engineers, but who do not belong to the Engineers' Brotherhood. The question has arisen, 'Are these members of the Firemen's Brotherhood, who rank as engineers, come under the protection of the organization to which the Engineers of the Engineers' Brotherhood?'

Further Complications.

"The firemen claim that they have the right to adjust any differences arising about these men. For this reason they have asked the railroad directors to allow them to appoint a committee to bring the grievances of these men before the directors. This, it appears, has no road to which they have to do, as it does not wish to butter with two committees appointed for practically the same purpose, when one committee could and would act as well as the other. The proposed plan would merely complicate matters. In my opinion, there would be no advantage should the proposition of the firemen be accepted. It would merely mean further complications which might injure rather than help the brotherhoods."

A. C. Perkins, of Fall River, a fireman on the road, said:

"In a way I believe there seems to be a great deal of talk about a strike. Personally I have not much better for or against a strike. I do not wish to do so, as I think it a strike in such a small matter would hardly pay. The gains would not be worth the cost. There is really no trouble to speak of except that between the two organizations."

"Cannot Afford to Strike."

John Shea, of Dorchester, another fireman, said:

"I believe that we firemen should have the same rights as the engineers to bring matters personally before the Board of Directors. Once a fireman always a fireman until a transfer from one Brotherhood to the other is made. That is the way of looking at it. If we cannot get what we want any other way, I say strike."

James C. O'Neil, vice-president of the New England district of the Firemen's Brotherhood, who is now an engineer, although still a member of the Brotherhood, said:

"Each chairman of the committee appointed by the Brotherhood, was wrong in not appointing an arbitrator. He has missed a chance to have one man appointed by the firemen, one man appointed by the engineers and a third man, a disinterested party, chosen by those two men, to form a committee of arbitration to confer with the directors of the road and settle the matter. I understand that he refused to agree to this proposition.

"We firemen and engineers cannot afford to go on a strike. It means privation and hardship for ourselves and our families. It is wrong to expect us to go over such a trivial matter. For my own part I shall strenuously oppose every movement which may in any way precipitate a strike. I think this matter can be settled."

At the conclusion of the meeting of the directors in New York the following letter was sent to Second Vice Grand Master Hinton of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen:

Reply of Directors.

"Dear Sir—Agreeable to promise made by the special committee board of directors, at the hearing of the committee of committees of locomotive firemen, held at Grand Central Station, New York, on Thursday, Feb. 16, 1905, the committee advises you of its conclusions, as follows:

"The question at issue is the following:

"That in the case of engineers who have been disciplined and are members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, upon taking an appeal from the decision of the officer disciplining the discipline to a higher officer, that a committee of engineers appointed by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, should take up his case with the management, instead of the engineers' adjustment committee.

"The committee, having carefully considered the statements made at the hearing, having examined the records of the company in regard to the question at issue, and having consulted with the officers of the company concerning the same, has reached the following conclusions, namely:

"That an aggrieved engineer is guaranteed an opportunity to be represented by an attorney before the officers of the company by the provision contained in section 1 of the schedule made with locomotive engineers in our employ in effect Jan. 1, 1904, in which article it is provided that 'all engineers will be given a fair chance to defend themselves against charges in holding investigations.' * * * All engineers who are interested will be allowed to choose a disinterested engineer to represent or accompany them on boards of investigation if they so desire, when an appeal is made after the first investigation.

"The committee is in entire accord with the position taken and decision rendered in this matter by the president and executive officers charged with the operation and management of the company's railroad, namely, that the claim of your committee cannot be conceded, and believe that this decision is for the best interests of the company.

"The decision of the president and executive officers as already communicated to you by them is hereby sustained. Yours truly,

"Charles F. Brooker, Chairman.

"John G. Parker, Secretary."

Road Ready for Fight.

In railroad circles in New York city the opinion is expressed, particularly as preparations have already been made to meet a strike, that the going out of the firemen would not be entirely unwelcome. This is due to the fact that the company's officers, it is understood, have been for several months much harrassed by the situation on the road due to the feud between the two brotherhoods. This, it is said, has reached such a point that the men of the locomotives of the company the engineers and the firemen are not on speaking terms.

Many disputes, it is asserted, have arisen in the running of the engines, owing to the indisposition of the firemen on the rules of his brotherhood. To the petty disagreements of the firemen and engineers, officers of the company attribute many of the delays in the operation of the road during the past few months, especially those due to "low steam."

Some doubts are expressed as to whether, in case of a strike, the locomotive engineers, who are members of the firemen's brotherhood, will go out with the firemen. They may not go out as the brotherhood may wish to preserve the strength which they now have among the locomotive engineers.

ROAD IS HIRING MANY MEN AS STRIKE BREAKERS

Unemployed men who are seeking work on the New York, New Haven & Hartford road, in case it needs strike breakers, be-

Insurance Benefits as a Strike Factor

The reason why firemen, after being promoted to engineers, refuse to leave the Brotherhood of Firemen for the Brotherhood of Engineers, which is the basis of the whole controversy which threatens a strike on the New Haven railroad, was explained by a fireman to-day as follows:

Both Brotherhoods have an insurance benefit in which policies may be taken out as high as $2,000. Most of the firemen are insured for $1,500. In the Firemen's Brotherhood this costs $25 a year, but in the Engineers' it costs $28. In addition to this firemen are reluctant to leave their old association because of their social relations.

alleged No. 62 Sudbury street to-day, where officials are selecting the force to man locomotive cabs in the event of the firemen voting to strike. There was a throng on hand in quest of work before daylight, the line forming as early as 5 o'clock, and when the office was opened to applicants there were twice as many on hand as could be examined and hired to-day.

Each man who reached an official was given a slip of yellow paper stating the time when he would be given a hearing. Scores were unable to even get this much consideration. It took about fifteen minutes to examine each man. Railroad officials say that the number of applicants shows that there is an army of men in Boston who are seeking work.

Very Few Are Rejected.

So anxious are the officials to get men that very seldom do they turn one down, and then only because his eyesight is very poor. No physical examination is made. Those are nine out of ten applicants who have been accepted and placed on the payroll. If the applicant passes the examination he is turned over to another official who gives him a contract to sign.

The contract states that the railroad company has the right to discharge at a moment's notice without cause. The company agrees to pay two dollars per day for eight hours' work on passenger trains. In case the run is over 100 miles he is to receive two cents for every extra mile in addition to his two dollars. Firemen on through freights will receive $2.25 for eight hours' work and 2½ cents a mile over 100 miles. Men at work on switching yard engines will receive $1.95 for eight hours.

No Work to Be Had.

It was a motley crowd that and garbaged in the hall when a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter visited the place. In almost every instance the men had been out of work since before Christmas. Nearly all of them were shabbily dressed. Some of them evidently have had a hard time this Winter to make both ends meet.

One big husky fellow with fiery red hair said: "I have nothing to lose by striking. I'm not getting to starve. I haven't done a tap since Thanksgiving, although I've tried hard to get work." He was one of the few who did not pass the examination.

"How did you come out?" he was asked by someone in the crowd, when he emerged from the room.

"My eyes went back on me. I couldn't distinguish the colors," he replied dejectedly.

Men of Every Trade.

Nearly every trade was represented in the crowd which packed the hallway and stairs. There were carpenters, whom trade will be dull until April, and bricklayers, who cannot work because of the extremely cold weather freezing up their mortar. Former department store clerks rubbed elbows with coal heavers who need a little spending money. One well-dressed young man, who might have been mistaken for a band director, said he recently lost his position as an "L" conductor. "I need a little cigarette money," he replied when asked why he wanted to be a fireman.

The other occupants of the building at No. 52 Sudbury are up in arms because the railroad officials are doing business there. The halls and stairways are blocked continually. It is worse than barking the centre of a college football team to get from an office through the crowd to the street. One of the tenants said he would lodge a complaint with the owner of the building. "Why, I've actually been obliged every hour to fight to get through that crowd," he said to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter. "If this continues much longer I will call on the police to keep the halls clear."

Door Burst in by Crowd.

The air in the place where the men stood was stifling. But this did not deter those who were pushing and crushing each other to get a little nearer the door for a job. So intense was the crush for a better place that the crowd several times burst in the door, only to be pushed out again by angry officials. Several times the official in charge came to the door and threatened to have the men driven into the street if they didn't stop pushing.

At 10 o'clock they got the railroad company has fitted up a lounging room for the men engaged as strike breakers. Here they will while away the hours at cards and checkers until called on to take the striking firemen's places. They have been supplied with cards, dampers and cigars by the railroad officials and are ready to jump out at a moment's notice.

STRIKE WILL AFFECT 700 ON BOSTON RUN

Between 600 and 700 firemen running out of Boston will be affected by a strike of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. Of these about 200 run on the Providence division and the others on the Plymouth division.

The headquarters of the firemen for this vicinity are at room 608 of the Kimball building, Tremont street. H. B. Mathews, secretary-treasurer, has his office there. The meeting place of the brotherhood is at No. 446 Tremont street. Firemen running out of Boston have been instructed to be in readiness for a hurried call for a special meeting, which they regard as likely to come at any moment.

Strong Organization.

The International Brotherhood of Firemen is conceded to be one of the strongest labor organizations in the country. It is not, however, connected in any way with any other labor organization. It is not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, nor with any central labor body such as the Central Labor Union, but is also independent of other branches of the railroad employes.

Practically all the firemen are members of the brotherhood. Financially the organization is very strong. It is due largely to the fact that the present trouble is brought about. Firemen, when promoted to positions as engineers, are reluctant to give up their membership in the Firemen's Brotherhood to join the Brotherhood of Engineers because, aside from the protection offered, the firemen's association offers more and better inducements, notably the insurance.

Officials Assume Too Much.

Many of the railroad firemen retain membership in the Firemen's Brotherhood, though they are eligible to membership in the Engineers', the question then comes whether or not the engineers' association should be governed by the Firemen's Brotherhood. The Engineers' Brotherhood also refuses to interfere in a dispute that is purely for the bodies of firemen. It is for the members of the Firemen's Brotherhood and their officials to say in regard to which body shall be the final tribunal when he has a grievance on which he cannot get satisfaction from the company officials to hear him.

Of the 1,400 engineers employed by the New Haven road, 1,000 are members of the Engineers' Brotherhood, 250 of the Firemen's Brotherhood and 150 are nonunion men. The firemen can have membership only in the Firemen's Brotherhood, while the engineers, after promotion, may pass on into the Engineers' Brotherhood or retain their membership in the Firemen's.

SUSPECTS HELD FOR ROBBERY

William T. Fullerton, of No. 50 Allen street, and his brother, Henry M. Fullerton, appeared before Judge Bennett in the Somerville Court to-day, charged with holding up and robbing Miss Mary Angler of Medford on Thursday evening on the corner of Joseph and Newton streets, Somerville. Both men pleaded not guilty, and were held in $1,500 bonds until next Tuesday. Henry Fullerton will be brought before Miss Angler for identification.

James A. Fullerton of 5628 Broadway, Medford, a third brother who had been arrested in connection with the robbery, is satisfied that he was not concerned in the robbery.

Mrs. Osborn, creator of fashions for America's fashionable women, writes of every-day clothes for every-day women for an illustrated page feature in to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

LITTLE KATIE AND HER LATEST

It is her greatest exploit up to date and it would be a shame to tell you more about it now. See the great Comic Section of to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

SALEM BRIBERY CASE GOES TO GRAND JURY

Judge Says Contempt Case Against Lawyer Goes Too Far for Court.

SUDDEN ENDING OF TRIAL

SALEM, Feb. 18.—The case of Lawyer Charles J. Averill, accused of issuing concerned in an attempt to bribe jurors in a damage case, came to a sudden end before Judge Harris, when the Judge announced that the case had developed beyond a point where he cared to consider it as one of contempt, and that he should send it to the grand jury with the recommendation that the whole matter be thoroughly investigated. Averill and his accuser and alleged associate, Walter C. Daniels, were held in $2,000 each. The Judge also suggested that it might be well for District Attorney Peters to obtain the services of some other district attorney to carry on the investigation, as he thought that it would be a relief to Mr. Peters not to have charge of a case against a brother member of the Essex bar.

Politics in the Case.

Judge Harris said that if the story Daniels told about Averill was false, he had committed an offence beyond the power of the court to punish him in contempt proceedings. It developed during the hearing that politics had been mixed up between some of the parties.

George C. Donahoe of Topsfield, stated that Daniels told him after his sentence that he had letters from District Attorney Peters, which he tore up. Later in the hearing, Inspector Dennis of the Salem police force, testified that Daniels did have on his person when arrested letters from Mr. Peters and Congressman Gardner. After this Daniells was recalled to the stand, and stated that he did have such letters and that they were now in a desk in his home in Danvers.

Averill Denied All.

Averill himself went on the stand and made a very emphatic denial of any part or kind in conspiring with Dunnells to bribe a juror, or to influence one in any way. He denied in the most positive manner that he had any dealings of that nature with Dunnells or Coughlin.

He said that he knew neither Dunnells nor Coughlin until he went into the office with Mr. Powers last Spring; that these men were in the office a great deal at that time, particularly while the political campaign was on. Averill said that he had done some law business with Dunnells, and the latter had tried to sell a safe to him. He denied that he knew Washburn or Goodhue, the jurors, even up to this time.

Skating in Boston.

The Park Department has issued the following skating bulletin for to-day:

Franklin Field	Good
Gibson Playground	Good
Neponset Playground	Good
Randolph St. Playground	Fair
Strandway	Good
Billings Field	Good
Roslindale Playground	Good
Jamaica Pond	Good
Wood Island Park	Good
Cottage St. Playground	Good
Charlestown Playground	Excellent
N. Brighton Playground	Good
Columbus avenue	No skating
Curling at Scarboro Pond	Good
Toboggan chute at Franklin Park	Excellent

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A GUARANTEED CURE FOR PILES.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

CALL LAWYER FOR CONTEMPT IN BRIBE CASE

Taunton Attorney Said to Have Discussed Trial With the Jurors.

Special to the Boston American.

TAUNTON, Feb. 18.—Lawyer Max Lizotte has been ordered to appear in court on Tuesday next and show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt for discussing a case with jurors.

This action was taken after William H. Greeley had been found by a jury not guilty of the charge of attempted bribery in connection with city officials, and Jurors Adelard Renaud and John Smith, both of Fall River, had been called before Judge White and questioned as to any talk they had had with Lawyer Lizotte, who was one of the counsel for the defence.

After a sealed verdict of "not guilty" had been read, all the jurors except Mr. Renaud, a well known attorney of Fall River, and Mr. Smith were dismissed. Renaud and Smith were asked to step and were sworn.

"Did you have any conversation with Mr. Lizotte since the trial began, Judge White asked them."

"Yes, your honor," replied Mr. Renaud, "I knew him when he first came to Fall River and permitted him to hang his sign on my door. I saw him in court Monday afternoon and on the house with him on the same train that night. He spoke to me and told him I did not care to discuss it, as I was on the jury of the case."

Mr. Smith, when asked the same questions, replied that he did not know who he was, but knew him to be one of the lawyers in the case. He said the train how I pleased to be on the jury, and I replied, 'All right.' He then said he is fine material for a man, and I refused to talk any more with him."

Judge White then issued a summons for Mr. Lizotte.

STATE TO HOLD UP COTTON FEE

During a long conference between Attorney-General Herbert Parker and Governor Douglas, the claim of $160,000 of John B. Cotton, of Washington, against the State of Massachusetts, is thoroughly explained by the Attorney-General.

"The State of Massachusetts," said the Attorney-General, after the conference, "will not pay one cent to Cotton until the has completed his contract, if he has one, with the State. This man Cotton has a warrant from Secretary Shaw, of the United States Treasury, for over $1,000,000 that belongs to this State. Under his alleged contract he cannot collect more than per cent, commission until he has performed that contract by paying over the money awarded the State, and then he cannot get it until the Legislature has appropriated it. The Governor and Council cannot make a contract to appropriate money."

LUMBER MAN OWES $155,604

Lindsay H. Shepard, doing business under the firm name, Shepard, Farmer & Co., wholesale lumber merchants, with headquarters at No. 131 State street, to-day filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy.

His liabilities are $156,604.29, of which $79,605.43 are secured claims and $77,-203.80 unsecured claims.

His assets are $103,834.78. Of this amount $71,074.04 are debts on open account and $13,322.80 worth of real estate. The rest consists of cash, notes and personal property. In the list are over 175 creditors from all parts of the United States.

MISS MAHAN A LAWYER.

Miss Mary A. Mahan, who successfully passed the examination for admission to the bar, has been sworn in by Judge Hammond of the Supreme Court.

Baptist Testimony

INSTANT RELIEF FROM COLDS, HOARSE AND CATARRH.

REV. FREY'S STATEMENT:

Rev. P. I. Frey, Pastor of the Maple St. Baptist Church, Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have been greatly troubled with colds, headache and catarrh. I have used Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder with best results. In fact it has done wonders for me, and I wish to recommend it to everyone." This remedy is also a perfect specific for influenza.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment is without an equal for skin diseases or piles. 35c.

Sold by WM. H. KNIGHT, 97 Court St., and LEWIS & CO., 145 Wash. St.

HARPER SEES DEATH'S SHADE IN OPERATION

Chicago University President Prepares for Possible Fatality.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—President W. R. Harper, joining in the fears of his friends that the operation which he will undergo next Wednesday may result seriously, began a series of conferences to-day with faculty heads and members of his family.

Dr. Charles McBurney, who arrived here from New York, and is quartered at the Quadrangle Club, has assumed charge of the distinguished patient, and will watch over his every act until the operation is performed in the Presbyterian Hospital. Announcement was made that Dr. Harper would attend the funeral of Professor George S. Goodspeed, who died Friday. Dr. Harper believes he has the necessary strength to withstand the strain which he will be forced to undergo.

Word was received from Robert W. Harper, the president's brother, who has been spending the Winter in Constantinople, that he will arrive here Tuesday. The operation was postponed to Wednesday, on his arrival, in case the brother does not arrive at the time scheduled. It is likely that the operation will be postponed, as the president wishes to see his brother before undergoing the knife.

Members of the student committee in charge of the senior promenade, the big society function of the year, have decided to postpone the dance as a result of the serious condition of the president. A memorial resolution is being circulated among the students expressing the hope of his recovery and speedy return to health. It is planned to have every student in the university sign the resolution.

"Marian," as sung by Clarice Vance, is the title of a 50-cent piece of sheet music that will be given away free with to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

PASTE FOR $750 GEM; 2 ARRESTED

Accused of having substituted a paste diamond for the $750 article in their employer's $2,500 brooch, David U. Smith and wife, Hattie, have been arrested by the Cambridge police. Smith and his wife were employed by Alfred A. Somerville of 518 Charles River road.

Better Than Trading Stamps

OUR MONEY-SAVING Discount Book System

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We Give $6 Cash

(Discount) on a full book, purchases amounting to $100.00

Some time ago we published a $2.50 worth of merchandise—if you get double stamps at the time, on $5.00 worth of merchandise on $100.00 purchases, which is equal to $6.00 in cash. Now we change the amount to $100.00 and give $6.00 credit on a full book purchase, or we give the same discount on smaller purchases. On all the purchases with stamps you get 1 stamp on the 10c., on the 5c., on 2c. and 1c. purchases. You can credit the 10c., which fills your book quicker. Some of you get a book in a week, some in a month, some get a number of stores when you can buy merchandise cheaper at the one store!

Pitts Kimball Co

We save you 6% on what you spend! a bank gives you 4% on what you save.

Stop snuffling, it's disgusting.

Prevention, treatment Colds and Grippe, at the sneeze stage. Yearly a day or two if cold is neglected. Pineules eucalyptus candy tablets. Do not sicken like laxatives or quinine. 48 in box 25c.ea. or druggists or Dr. Bosse, Boston, Wis.

—Take a Preventic

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 80 and 82 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

Entered as second class matter, March 27, 1903, at the postoffice at Boston, Mass.

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One month	.75

CZAR, ALARMED, SUMMONS COUNCIL OF THE EMPIRE

TERRORISTS SAY MORE ARE TO BE SLAIN

Declare Duke Sergius First of Seven Who Are Marked for Assassination.

RUSSIAN REIGN OF TERROR

Special Cable to Boston American.

MOSCOW, Feb. 18.—So threatening is the situation in Russia to-day, growing out of the assassination of the Grand Duke Sergius yesterday, and so constantly and openly are assertions made by the terrorists that six others are to be assassinated, including the Czar and the Queen Dowager, that an extraordinary sitting of the Council of the Empire has been called by the Czar. This sitting, say St. Petersburg dispatches received here, will be held as soon as the members of the Council can gather.

The terrible fate of the Grand Duke Sergius, who was blown to pieces by a bomb within the walls of the Kremlin, has had the effect in this city and St. Petersburg of causing royalty and the government's high officials to take the utmost precautions to protect themselves.

SENSATION IN PALACE.

It is reported here that when the tragedy became known at Tsarkoe Selo there was a terrible sensation and that when the Czar had regained his usual calmness he announced his intention to grant the promised reforms and to convene the Zemsky Sobor (Popular Assembly).

The Czar and Czarina became a prey to terror on hearing of the assassination. The Czarina wished to send their children to Denmark immediately. This plan was vetoed because of the loss of imperial prestige it would inevitably involve.

"I accomplished the will of the executioner," boasts the assassin of the Grand Duke. By his own statement he belongs to the Workmen's Social Democracy, which has been particularly active in the recent rioting and strike disorders over Russia and Poland. The authorities fear the assassin may lead to arrests of hundreds who are known to be in sympathy with the Workmen's party.

OTHERS ON THE LIST.

Besides the Czar and the Empress Dowager those whose deaths have been determined upon are Grand Duke Alexis, Grand Duke Vladimir, Governor-General Trepoff of St. Petersburg and M. Pobiedonostoff. These men are exercising every precaution to protect themselves, surrounding themselves by special guards and isolating themselves as far as possible from the people. They are particularly careful, now that the strike has been renewed in St. Petersburg, and 50,000 persons have gone out there within the last twenty-four hours. Preparations are being made there now to meet what is expected to be the greatest demonstration Russia has ever known.

MEMORIAL SERVICE HELD.

In St. Petersburg a memorial service for Grand Duke Sergius was held to-day, at which practically all the nobility of the city was present. The service was held in St. Isaac's Cathedral. Before the distinguished people began to gather a strong protection of police and troops was provided for. There was no cause for alarm, outwardly at least, but the police were prepared for any emergency.

Meanwhile it is announced here that the funeral of Grand Duke Sergius will be held several days hence within the walls of the Kremlin. The Czar will not attend, but the imperial family will be represented by Grand Duke Michael. Among those whom the Terrorists say will be slain as Sergius was

"I don't care. I have done my work," said the assassin of Sergius yesterday, and it is believed that he intended to intimate that some of his fellow conspirators of the Terrorists have been selected to carry on the sentences of death imposed on the others on the list.

REIGN OF TERROR EXISTS.

A man who is prominent among the revolutionists said: "Wait; only wait. Sergius is but one. Others are to follow slowly, but surely, one by one, we will rid Russia of the oppressors."

A veritable reign of terror exists in Moscow and St. Petersburg. The Czar is prostrated at Tsarkoe-Selo.

"My God! What will this end?" he exclaimed when he heard of the death of Sergius.

Grand Duke Vladimir is ill in bed, and other members of the aristocracy are preparing to leave the cities, and perhaps the country. No one feels safe, no one knows where the next blow will fall. The assassination of Grand Duke Sergius was the work of one man, who, dressed as a workman, met the Duke on his way to the Kremlin and threw under the horses of the carriage in which the Czar's advisers would or could urge him to extend the old constitution to Finland, with its four chambers of nobles, clergy and burghers and peasants, in a legislative diet, or the Zemsky Zobor to the whole of Russia.

WRECK OF CARRIAGE VON PLEHVE WAS IN WHEN KILLED BY BOMB, JULY 23

This shattered equipage, in which the former Russian Minister of the Interior met his death, shows the effect of an explosion such as ended the life of Grand Duke Sergius.

that wrought the death of Minister von Plehve.

WIDOW SAW AWFUL SIGHT.

The missile was filled with nails and scraps of iron and its explosion tore the Duke's body into ghastly fragments and strewed them on the snow for yards around.

When the smoke cleared away it was seen that the Grand Duke's head had been torn from his body and the trunk and limbs were frightfully mangled. One of the fingers, bearing a seal ring, was found several yards away.

The coachman lay, moaning with pain, beside a great hole in the pavement, and the horses, dragging the front wheels of the carriage, ran madly towards the gate only to fall, dying before they reached it.

Hardly were the police on the scene before the Grand Duchess Elizabeth, widow of Sergius, drove up in an open carriage. At the ghastly horror was revealed to her she fell on her knees in the snow, weeping bitterly. As soon as possible she was taken away. Then a stretcher was brought, and the remains of the Duke were placed upon it and carried to the Chaudoff Cloister.

GLORIED IN HIS CRIME.

The assassin was thrown to the ground and stunned by the force of the explosion, but he quickly arose and ran toward the gate, attempting to escape. His haste and the blood streaming from his face where he had been wounded by fragments of the bomb attracted the attention of a sergeant of police, who seized him before he could draw his revolver.

The man did not deny his crime, but, on the contrary, gloried in its success. He expressed satisfaction that he had been able to kill the Grand Duke without involving the latter's innocent wife. He avowed his membership in the social revolutionary organization, but refused to give his name, and at the jail his papers were found to be forged.

The revolver with which the assassin was armed was an automatic magazine pistol of the same type as the weapon employed by Rohenfeld, the assassin of Minister Sobinen, at Helsingfors, on February 17. His injuries are not serious.

POLICE CLEAR KREMLIN.

The news of the tragedy spread rapidly to every quarter of the city, aided by extra editions of all the newspapers which appeared with deep black borders.

Theatrical performances and all forms of social observance were immediately abandoned, and the theatres were ordered to remain closed until further notice.

The affair created the deepest excitement. Immense crowds gathered in the vicinity of the Kremlin, where some factions began an attack on students and other representatives of the liberal movement, while others eagerly grasped and read a revolutionary proclamation which had appeared as if by magic.

The alarming became the attitude of the crowd that the authorities felt obliged to order the Kremlin cleared and the gates locked. The gates remained closed all night, although policemen and carriage to take roundabout routes instead of short cuts through the Kremlin precincts.

Shortly after the murder Grand Duchess Elizabeth, with the two surviving children of Grand Duke Sergius, his staff, officials and household, proceeded to Chaudoff chapel, where a solemn requiem was celebrated. There was another service in the evening. A military guard of honor kept ward during the night.

MORE TO COME, SAY REVOLUTIONISTS

By George H. Lynch.

Special Cable to Boston American.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 18.—An advanced revolutionary leader said to-day, gloatingly:

"Wait. There will be more work. Slowly, but surely, and one by one we will rid the country of its oppressors. This is our revolution. I rejoice that Sergius is no more."

I have visited all the grand ducal palaces in St. Petersburg and found the aides-de-camp, officials and servants in a state of panic. I learned that the Grand Dukes themselves are no less scared by the murder. Grand Duke Vladimir is reported to be ill abed.

A throng of students marched before the mansion of the Grand Duke Alexis, singing mournful songs. The police dispersed the crowd gently. The Czar on hearing the news of the tragedy, it is reported, broke down and wildly asked:

"When will all this end?"

4 SENTENCES OF DEATH TO SERGIUS

By Robert Crozier Long,

Official Interpreter of the Procurator of the Holy Synod of Russia.

Special Cable to Boston American.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 18.—The assassination of the Grand Duke Sergius at Moscow created an impression unparalleled since the murder of his father, Alexander II., twenty-four years ago.

A friend who arrived from Moscow states that Sergius received four death sentences during the past three weeks. Grand Duchess Elizabeth, his wife, who is popular in Moscow, was warned not to be seen driving in her husband's carriage.

She disregarded the warning, and it was merely a chance that she was not with Sergius when he was killed.

The Grand Duke was always intensely unpopular in Moscow. The assassin's sentence of death was passed because of the Grand Duke's opposition to reforms.

RUSSIANS PREPARE FOR OFFENSIVE, BUT COSSACKS RETREAT

LONDON, Feb. 18.—Dispatches at St. Petersburg to-day report that the Russians are concentrating in force in front of General Kuroki's position to the south of Mukden, preparatory to starting an offensive movement. They have shelled Oyama's centre and left for two days.

A report from Oku's headquarters says that 15,000 Russian cavalry and 500 infantry with twenty guns, who had moved south to both banks of the Liao River, began a retreat on Thursday. They are now twelve miles northwest of Siaopeho. The Japanese pursued them and inflicted heavy damage.

"SERGIUS'S DEATH MARKS BEGINNING OF REPRISAL WAR"

ODESSA, Feb. 18.—Leaflets are being distributed here, signed by the South Russian section of the Social Democrats, Revolutionaries, announcing the death of Grand Duke Sergius, and concluding:

"The event marks the beginning of a war of reprisals forced on the people by the unbending stubbornness and intolerably oppressive rule of the present regime."

GRANTS CONTINUANCE IN APPLEYARD CASE

Judge Forsaith granted a further continuance until February 23 in the case of Arthur E. Appleyard, the banker, who was arrested a week ago on a charge of being a fugitive from justice.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	Close
Alouez	.....	20½
Amalgamated	.....	74
Am. Ag. Ch.	.....	74¼
Am. Ag. Ch. pfd	.....	90
American Telephone	.....	144½
American Pneumatic	.....	3½
American Pneumatic pfd	.....	78
American Sugar pfd	.....	130
American Woolen	.....	24⅝
American Woolen pfd	.....	90
Atlantic	.....	17
Atchison	.....	87½
Atchison preferred	.....	102¾
Bingham	.....	32½
Boston Con.	.....	
Boston & Albany	.....	258½
Boston Elevated	.....	152
Boston & Maine	.....	177
Calumet & Hecla	.....	690
Centennial	.....	20¼
Copper Range	.....	71
Daly-West	.....	17⅜
Dominion Iron	.....	41½
Edison Electric Illum.	.....	253½
Granby	.....	54
Isle Royale	.....	25½
Mass Electric prof.	.....	44
Mass Gas	.....	87½
Mass Gas pref.	.....	94½
Mohawk	.....	54
N. E. Tel. & T.	.....	144½
Old Dominion	.....	29
Osceola	.....	92
Parrot	.....	28⅝
Pullman	.....	241
Shannon	.....	24
Shoe Machinery	.....	94½
Shoe Machinery pref.	.....	36½
Tamarack	.....	131
Trinity	.....	11¼
United States Steel	.....	32⅜
United States Steel pref.	.....	94¾
United Fruit	.....	109½
United Shoe Mf.	.....	39
U. S. Mining	.....	24½
Utah Con.	.....	12⅝
Utah	.....	42
Victoria	.....	4
Winona	.....	11⅜
Wolverine	.....	119

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	Close
Amal. Copper	.....	74¼
Am. Car & Foundry	.....	34
Amer. Cot.	.....	30½
Amer. Cot. pfd.	.....	119¾
Amer. Smelting	.....	91
Amer. Smelting pfd	.....	94
American Sugar	.....	142¾
Anaconda	.....	47⅜
Atchison	.....	87½
Atchison pfd	.....	102
Baltimore & Ohio	.....	102¾
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	.....	70⅜
Canadian Pacific	.....	167
Chesa. & Ohio	.....	52½
Chicago, Great West	.....	20⅜
Chic. Ind. & Louis.	.....	51
Chicago, Gas	.....	104
Colo. Fuel & Iron	.....	39½
Erie 1st pfd	.....	44
Erie 2d pfd	.....	30
General Electric	.....	164
Illinois Central	.....	144
Louisville & Nashville	.....	127¾
Manhattan Elevated	.....	137
Metropolitan	.....	122½
Missouri Pacific	.....	121⅝
National Biscuit	.....	43
N. Y. Central	.....	136½
N. Y. Air Brake	.....	39
Norfolk & Western	.....	50
Northern Pacific	.....	142⅞
Ontario & Western	.....	47
Pacific Mail	.....	47
Pennsylvania	.....	141¾
People's Gas	.....	104
Reading	.....	107⅜
Reading 1st pfd	.....	84
Reading 2d pfd	.....	77
Southern Pacific	.....	67⅝
Southern Railway	.....	24⅝
Texas Pacific	.....	27½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	.....	76
Union Pacific	.....	81
Union Pacific pfd	.....	93⅛
U. S. Leather	.....	7⅞
U. S. Leather pfd	.....	76½
U. S. Rubber	.....	19⅝
U. S. Rubber pfd	.....	70
Wisconsin Central	.....	24¾
Wisconsin Central pfd	.....	58⅝
Western Union	.....	85⅞

BEST FOR CHILDREN

is Sanford's Ginger for colds, chills, coughs and indigestion. Always healthful.

LINER PILGRIM, CRIPPLED, HELD BACK BY ICE

Fought Her Way to New York in One of Most Perilous Passages in Her Record.

WAS BESET WITH DANGERS

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Buffeted by the heaviest ice floes known on Long Island Sound for years, hours behind her schedule time, the Fall River line steamer Pilgrim, with many passengers on board, fought with all the power of her engines to force her way through Hell Gate into the East River to reach her dock in this city.

The Pilgrim's starboard paddlebox was broken where it had been jammed against huge cakes of ice, and she was making very slow time. The paddlebox was first damaged on her trip east from New York.

The steamer was one of her dock between 6 and 7 o'clock. Two hours elapsed and nothing had been heard from her. Telephone messages from many points along the sound and East River shores elicited no information as to her whereabouts.

Then there came a wireless message from the Pilgrim to the offices of the company in this city, stating that she was off Sheffield Island, South Norwalk, Conn., that she had a very hard night's passage, and was proceeding slowly toward this city.

At 10 o'clock the Pilgrim reached Stepping Stones Light and drove her way into the whirling mass of ice, churned about by contending tides at Fort Schuyler, Throgg's Neck. At this point the two tides meet, from the river and the Sound, and as there is a very sharp turn in the channel, the ice floes are driven about in a perfect whirlpool.

From Throggs Neck all the way down to and through Hell Gate the Pilgrim had a fight every inch of her way.

The only other vessel which succeeded in making New York Harbor to-day from the sound has been the Fall River line's freighter Boston. The freighter Fall River was still overdue.

The Pilgrim tied up at her pier about 12 o'clock, covered with ice from bow to stern. Officials of the Fall River line say this has been the hardest trip of the year.

TREATY TO BE SENT TO HAGUE

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18. Representative Burkhalter of St. Louis, called at the White House to-day to introduce to the President Mr. Hagne Davis, a distinguished writer on international law.

On leaving the President's office they said that the President would, at the next meeting of the Hague tribunal, ask for the consideration of the powers a general treaty of arbitration containing substantially the terms of the treaty which he recently sent to the Senate, but which failed of confirmation in their original form.

HEROISM MAY WIN MEDAL FOR FIRE ENGINEER YOUNG

F. S. YOUNG. GREEN PHOTO

FIRE ENGINEER WHO PROVED HIMSELF HERO.

Controlling Horses When Driver Was Thrown, He Possibly Saved Many Lives.

One of the first duties of the successor to Fire Commissioner Russell, who died Tuesday, will be either the awarding of a medal for bravery or a commendation of the heroism displayed by Engineer S. Young, of Engine No. 5, who by his bravery and coolness in a runaway saved an engine from destruction and probably lives of pedestrians.

Young was swinging on behind the engine when it started from the fire house at Harrison avenue and Bristol street. Thomas P. Brogie, the regular driver, held the reins. The run was to a fire at No. 88 Appleton street. Brogie was making good time, when the wheels of the heavy machine struck a rut at Appleton and Clarendon streets. The sudden twist threw Brogie from his seat to the ground, where he lay unconscious.

The team raced on toward Columbus avenue with Young hanging on behind. Realizing the danger the driver faced over the fire box, along the section hose to the driver's seat, Young crawled forward, secured the reins, held the plunging horses on their course and arrived at the fire on time. Several persons narrowly escaped death under the wheels of the flying engine before Young gained control of the horses.

Brogie was removed to the hospital, where he lay unconscious for a time. His condition is now reported to be much improved.

SELF-SLAIN IN STEAMER CABIN

Man Supposed to Be George Haskins of New London Found Dead.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—A man supposed to be George Haskins of New London, Conn., was found dead by the ticket agent of the Norwich line steamer Chester W. Chapin in a cabin on that boat after her arrival at her pier in the North River early to-day.

The man, who was about forty years old, well dressed, boarded the steamer at New London last night and was assigned to a first class cabin. Nothing was seen of him during the trip, and when a search was being made for undelivered baggage the discovery was made.

The man had shot himself through the head, a revolver being found at his side. He lay on the bed. Coroner Brown is investigating.

RUSSELL LAID AT REST TODAY

The funeral of the late Fire Commissioner Henry S. Russell was held to-day from the residence of the widow, estate of the Commissioner, on Canton avenue, Milton. The service was private, in accordance with the expressed wish of Mr. Russell.

The Rev. Roderick Stebbins, apstor of the Unitarian church, of which Mr. Russell was a member, conducted the service. Those in attendance beside the immediate members of the family were Mayor John Duncan Quincy, Chief William Cheswell, Major Henry F. Jones, Lieutenant Charles Pierson, James Asbury and B. Frank Underhill, secretary to the Commissioner.

NAVAL PRISON TO STAY HERE

Admiral W. F. F. Wilde, commandant of the Charlestown Navy Yard, has received word from the Department at Washington that the naval prison is to remain in the local yard.

A new prison is being built at the navy yard in Portsmouth, N. H., and it was thought that upon the completion of that building the 150 prisoners here would be moved. The department in Washington has decided to use both yards as prisons for naval offenders.

Alice in Wonderland Elopes. The story of Peter Newell's daughter, who posed for his drawings for the famous story, is the subject of an illustrated page feature in to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

UNCLE SHOOTS AT HIS NEPHEW

Pawtucket Man Went to Lowell For Money and Was Refused.

Special to the Boston American.

LOWELL, Feb. 18.—Edward McEnaney, of Pawtucket, R. I., who was held for the Middlesex grand jury in Lowell police court today on charge of shooting Lucas Enaney of North Chelmsford, said that he had saved the McEnaney home in North Chelmsford from the auctioneer's hammer for years.

The uncle, who is sixty years old, fired three times at his nephew, who is five years younger. The police say that the uncle declared:

"I am sorry my aim was so low. Other times I have been a better shot than I am to-day."

The police also say that the uncle brought a revolver with him when he came here from Pawtucket to call on his nephew and demand money. He holds a mortgage now on the homestead. The nephew refused to pay a cent, saying that he owed the uncle nothing. Then the uncle opened fire.

After shooting at the nephew the uncle ran, but was pursued by officers and caught. In court he rehearsed a long story of ill-treatment which he thought he had received from his nephew.

"The old folks left it with the children to pay back what they lent them on the homestead," he told the Judge, "but now I get nothing."

UNION PACIFIC IS UP 3 POINTS

An advance of nearly three points in the market price of Union Pacific, with dealings in the issue on a heavy scale was the salient feature of the Wall street list during the two-hour session to-day. The buying seemed to come from the same source as on previous days, although who the interested brokers were buying for remained as much of a mystery as ever.

Talk was renewed that the decks are being cleared for the execution of a big Western railroad deal, and that those plans are likely to come to a head as soon as the Northern Securities case has been passed upon by the Supreme Court. The general list was strong, and but little attention was paid the bank statement which showed a decrease of over $1,800,000 in surplus.

Boston stocks were firm and quiet.

Penhyn Stanlaws, the famous artist of pretty women, contributes another "If Girls Were Men" picture to to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

URGES PLAN OF ARBITRATION

President Laboring for Scheme to Insure World Peace in Future.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—At the second Hague conference which the leading nations of the world have agreed will be held when the Russian-Japanese struggle is ended, President Roosevelt will instruct the representatives of this country to press for an agreement for obligatory arbitration that will be suitable to every country and that will receive the thorough indorsement of the Senate.

Despite the action of the Senate, the President expects to go forward in his work for international arbitration along such lines as he believes will receive the approval of the Senate and of the countries of the world.

The President is pleased that the recent agitation of the question of arbitration has developed an overpowering sentiment in the United States for such a measure and it has confirmed him in his determination not to stop where the Senate left the matter. The President discussed the subject of international arbitration to-day with Hayne Davis, of New York, student of arbitration questions, and with Representative Bartholdt, the president of the International Parliamentary Union, for the promotion of interation arbitration.

38TH. ANNUAL DINNER JOHN A. ANDREW POST

The thirty-eighth annual dinner of John A. Andrew Post 15, G. A. R., will be held at the post hall, No. 1,151 Washington street, Boston, next Wednesday, Washington's birthday. Comrades and their friends will assemble in the upper hall at 1 o'clock p. m. The former will appear in uniform. A delegation representing the Department of Maryland will be among the guests of the post. Good speakers have been secured, also vocal and instrumental music.

The Old Reliable
ROYAL
BAKING POWDER
ABSOLUTELY
PURE
There is no substitute

DAVITT SHOCKED BY ASSASSINATION

By Michael Davitt,

Special Commissioner of the BOSTON AMERICAN.

Special Cable to Boston American.

DUBLIN, Feb. 18.—I am shocked to learn of the assassination of the Grand Duke Sergius. A fortnight ago to-day he granted me, as the BOSTON AMERICAN correspondent, an interview in the Nicolai Palace of the Kremlin. It was the first time he had spoken for publication, and, as it happened, it was the last.

He was a man of handsome, regular features, of medium height, strongly built, and gave me the impression of a man overfond of the indulgences belonging to his rank, and who would dispute the execution of repressive measures to his subordinates than undertake the cruel task himself.

His appointment as Governor-General of Moscow in 1891 was signalized by the enforcement of the Ignatieff laws against the Jews of Moscow. This act of oppression was executed in a truly barbarous spirit by Generals Ivostanda and Verioffski, but the responsibility attached to Sergius.

Possibly his assassination may be traced to some of the victims of his brutal expulsion fourteen years ago.

The wife of the Grand Duke Sergius, who is a sister to the Empress, is very popular in Moscow. When I was in Moscow, it was believed that the public love for the Grand Duchess would shield the husband against any act of violence.

The Grand Duke endeavored to gain the good will of the working classes by encouraging movements of a philanthropical character. His murder will not do good to any cause. It will only tend to produce further repression.

Reform can only come through the education of the people. Assassination retards all advance toward liberty and enlightenment. The murder of the Czar Alexander deprived the Russian people of the fruits of reforms which Alexander was considering on the day of his assassination. The killing of General Bobrikoff in Finland postponed the reconsideration of the disastrous decree of 1899, suspending the Finnish constitution.

This opinion was expressed to me when I was in Helsingfors recently. The methods of barbarism are misapplied in the cause of freedom and are not those best calculated to promote any movement seeking the rule of justice and right and reason.

The salvation of the Russian empire would be secured immediately if the

STANDARD OIL WILL PERISH, SAYS LAWSON

Boston Financier Willing to Help Along the Downfall of Great Trust.

POINTS OUT ITS MISTAKES

Disintegration of Standard Oil and its final collapse as a result of the investigation ordered by President Roosevelt is predicted by Thomas W. Lawson, of this city. "The monster," he says, made a record in going up from nothing to the greatest and most oppressive monopoly of the world, and this record will be insignificant compared to the record he expects Standard Oil to make when the facts of the Trust are made public.

Mr. Lawson is a statement to the BOSTON AMERICAN to-day in his usual sarcastic. He declares Standard Oil has made the final mistake of misjudging President Roosevelt, and adds if his services will be of any assistance to the government he stands ready to walk from here to Washington bare-footed, if necessary, to place them at the disposal of the officials who manipulate the probe.

Here is Mr. Lawson's statement:

By Thomas W. Lawson.

To my mind there is very little that can be said on the subject of the coming investigation of Standard Oil by President Roosevelt—very little that has not already been said from time to time during the past two thousand years of modern history.

It is the old, old story of the great, big, overgrown bully and his unchecked career of brutality, stumbling up against the predictable snag—the victims of his low, mean, cowardly inhumanity, and then the old story of the quick, sharp, stinging smart of the victims' boot to the bully's anatomy, and then a closed incident in history—a big, fat grave and a headstone with an inscription:

Here lies another oppressor of the people, R. S. All who pass this way will badly water the flowers with alkali.

No one should have any pity for the Standard Oil in the mauling it is about to receive at the hands of President Roosevelt. It has had during the past twenty-five years more than its fair share of training. Time and again, when it has been caught in the act of kicking its victim into insensibility, it has been warned not to do so again, only to again be caught in more flagrant exhibition of its brutality than ever was seen before on earth, in order that it might finish up by getting caught out of bounds and punished.

Locked Through Wrong Glasses.

Standard Oil has sized up our President through "skewed" glasses from the start, and now—well, now they will have an opportunity of looking him over at close range, without any glasses, from the pilothouse deck, and unquestionably when they have got him really sized up they will, by their nasal connexity way, drop to their cues and carry their case with them. They didn't know it was loaded, but it will surely be too late.

The American people are on the war path coming down the home stretch strong, and the millions are rolling up as fast as speed will carry them, and they will be there at the finish, and when the world in fact, are going to have their innings. Never in the speed with which history will be made during the next few years.

Will Go Down Easy.

In my opinion they will be somewhat disillusioned at the ease with which this monster, "Standard Oil," that has entrenched themselves into the now confirmed habit of thinking is invincible, will go down before President Roosevelt's big stick. All we hear now is the whistle of the wind which it is making as he moves it through the air preliminary to delivering his real lumps. I want to go on record that the entire Standard Oil outfit will be in about the same condition as the pugilist prizefighter which has been struck by a motor car coming down hill at a mile a minute gait after President Roosevelt finishes using it for a punching bag, and especially after using its many imitators.

You ask if I will assist in the coming walloping it is to get?

I would hold myself in readiness to start barefooted from here to Washington the coldest night in Winter if requested to, and relieved a telephone call if necessary. The public have not yet "got on" to Standard Oil's work. When he notified the "26 Broadway gang" shortly after the election that the people had elected him he was not going to be a real President, they began to lay their usual pipes to asphyxiate him, and the asphyxiation trick would have been done in the Senate chamber. They knew all about his temperament in regard to the Beef Trust, rebate, etc., and walked for him to walk into their trap, and he, like the poor innocent he is, walked into it. Now, as on the other day, that is, he walked into it as you say, "nit."

Senate Fails to Trap Him.

The Senate clinched with him on the treaty question, and as pretty a trick as Standard Oil has laid out for many a day was pulled off successfully—successfully "nit. They had it all rigged for the strenuous, hot-headed gentleman of the White House to lose his head and make an exhibition before the country, which was to be their cue for locking horns with him and having fun with him, and then—well, then they were to resume their triumphant way.

They had done the same thing so many times that there was no question in the minds of their legal advisers that on the 26 Broadway that all would be plain sailing afterward—after they themselves had made an ass of himself, but, as I say, they sized up President Roosevelt from the start through double-lensed "skewed" glasses. He, as we all know, simply walked around the pit they had dug and covered with thin grass, and instead of falling in when the question they wanted him to decide on, he proceeded to draw from his hip pocket another of the many pasteboards he has been stowing away during the past four years or since No. 26 Broadway put him on their blacklist that night when he gave the Western Associated Press his now famous dispatch:

"Tell the people John D. Rockefeller told me that I should not run. I have crouched but one to six stairs on his way to the street, and I only need to say the word to him at that."

This pasteboard happened to be marked "Investigate Standard Oil," but it could see as well to-day to-morrow or a dozen others—others equally effective.

Pity Standard Oil!

Poor standard Oil! It broke the record, going from the bottom to the top, and to the top, but the record it will break during the next six to twelve months in cooling from the top to the bottom will make his first one look like an ear of dried corn which accidentally got into His Majesty's sulphur factory.

Why wouldn't it be a good scheme for your paper to begin now getting up a subscription for an appropriate headstone for the Standard Oil? If you think it is a good idea, I would like to start you off with a contribution toward an appropriate headstone. As I have nothing but compassion for this institution which has been so kind and considerate to the American people, I would suggest that the material not only for the foundation but for the entire structure be composed of asbestos.

YEAST SPOILED, AND NANTUCKET IS NOW FACING A BREAD FAMINE

WHERE THE ISLANDERS AWAIT THE MACKINAC'S ARRIVAL.

TAKING ON SUPPLIES FOR RELIEF OF NANTUCKET.

Photographs by Boston American Staff Photographer.

SCENES ATTENDING RELIEF OF NANTUCKET

The Mackinac's Supply of Yeast Cakes Were at Woods Hole Too Long.

NANTUCKET, Feb. 18.—There was great disappointment expressed here to-day when it was discovered that, after all, the trouble in the United States regarding the Mackinac had been put to in forcing her way through forty miles of ice, the supply of yeast cakes which was so badly needed, was of no use, having become spoiled while waiting transportation at Woods Holl.

It is expected that a bread famine will follow unless a supply of yeast can soon be secured.

The meat and other provisions brought by the cutter were in good condition. An epidemic of colds has broken out, but the supply of drugs is ample to meet the emergency. As the first cry of "short," which begins after a week's "shut out," every one begins to economize in the use of sugar, butter, kerosene and fresh meat, at the same time buying dairy and laying aside for further use.

It is a fact that only one gallon of kerosene, one pound of butter and twenty-five cents worth of sugar will be sold to a person, these commodities being low, but nothing prevents one three-pound going to pounds of the stores and then sending out another member of the family to do the same, obtained fifteen gallons of oil in that manner yesterday.

It is a fair statement that the supply of kerosene, butter and sugar will last for two weeks at least, while hay and grain have not been mentioned as short by any of the dealers.

Four passengers arrived from the mainland on the sweeper cutter, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Morris and Miss Margaret S. Ayers, of Nantucket, and John W. Rich, a Boston dealer.

Robert Hargo, of Somerville, who has been married nearly a week, returned to Woods Holle, as did two Islanders, Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Myrick, bound on a vacation.

WILL PROSECUTE THE OFFICIALS OF THE STANDARD OIL

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18.—An early and thorough investigation will be made on the conditions in the Kansas oil fields under the resolution adopted in the House on Wednesday. The resolution meets with hearty response from the executive and the Department of Commerce and Labor, indeed, from the whole country.

The initial prosecution of the Standard Oil officials is bound up as one of the important results of the Kansas investigation.

Secretary Metcalf, of the Department of Commerce and Labor, said:

"No time will be lost in conducting the investigation. The facilities and means available are ample."

"The agents of the Department of Commerce and Labor are to secure information on the organization of the trust, its capitalizations and financial reports of constituent companies, control of pipe lines and production; comparison of prices; tariff, exports, imports and labor conditions.

Special agents of the bureau of corporations are now on their way to the oil fields of Kansas to begin investigation.

COLORADO NOW WANTS STATE OIL REFINERY

DENVER, Feb. 18.—A bill for the establishment of a state oil refinery has been introduced in the Colorado Legislature. The bill provides for an appropriation of $125,000 for the erection and equipment of a refinery.

The price of crude oil in this state has recently been reduced from $1 to 80 cents a barrel.

DRIFT ICE PLAYS HAVOC WITH LIGHT-SHIPS IN SOUND

NEW LONDON, Feb. 18.—The heavy drift ice in the sound at this point and for miles to the eastward is playing havoc with vessels navigation. Reports of vessels injured along the coast are coming in almost hourly. Several lightships have been torn from their stations.

When the delayed Pilgrim touched here she reported that the three-masted schooner Waltham, lumber laden, from Brunswick, Ga., for Nanuk, Conn., was ashore on Race Rock, eight miles south of New London. She was said to be in a dangerous position with the drift ice pounding her hull. Tugs from this port were sent to the rescue.

The ice has moved the Cornfield Reef Lightship off her station in the Sound twelve miles east of New London, and the lighthouse tender Cactus, which went out to attend to the vessel, reports that no trace could be found this side of Montauk Point.

The Race Island lightship broke from her moorings east of New London during the night and is lying on the Fisher's Island shore with ice piled two feet high against her broadside. Relief from the mainland is impossible.

Bartlett's Reef Lightship got away from her station early Thursday night and is adrift. Then the currents loosed the ice against her. The lightship drifted east of her station and was picked up by the tug Cactus.

NEW YORK TO GET 80-CENT GAS AT ONCE

Republican Leaders at Conference Agree to Pass Law Fixing the Price.

TO PROBE CONTRACTS

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The Republican leaders, at a conference at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, have decided to pass a law fixing the price of gas in the city of New York at 80 cents a thousand feet. The reduced rate will become operative, it is understood, as soon as the law is passed.

The conference, which took place in State Chairman Odell's room in the Fifth Avenue Hotel, was attended by Governor Higgins, Mr. Odell, Senators Mailby and Elsberg, Speaker Nixon and William Halpin, president of the County Committee. Lieutenant-Governor Bruce called on Mr. Odell earlier in the day.

Another thing decided on was that the Raines law is to stand as it is, with the exception of the amendments favored by Senator Raines. These amendments provide that before the license is issued the applicant must obtain certificates from the fire, health and buildings departments of the desirability of a legislative inquiry into Commissioner Oakley's lighting contracts and a State Water Commission will be were discussed at length.

There is now in the Legislature a bill to reduce the price of gas in five years from $1 to 80 cents a thousand, by lopping off 5 cents on a thousand each year for five years. This bill, it is understood, will be amended by making the price 80 cents, and effecting the reduction all at once.

Governor Higgins reached town with Mr. Peyser, his secretary, at about 6 o'clock, going to the Albemarle, as usual. When seen by the newspapers, he said:

"I got an early start for the annex corner dinner to-morrow night. I came in time to wish Chairman Odell a safe journey and a pleasant vacation, and talk with him and others. Nothing of overshadowing importance is under discussion. I expect to return to Albany on Sunday."

W. M. WOOD BUYS FARMS.

LITTLETON, N. H., Feb. 18.—William M. Wood, treasurer of the American Woolen Company, of Andover, Mass., has bought two large farms near the Franconia line at Franconia.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

Write Today for Bargain List.

WOOD PIANO CO.,

180 TREMONT STREET

LARGE OAK PIANO or organ as new possession cash, balance on terms to suit; exclusive representation in our city. Address, with full particulars, BOX 2, A. B. C. Fischer, Hardman, Cable and Hallet & Davis pianos; new Lyon & Healy, Weber, upright and grand; Henry F. Miller, Steinway, Knabe, Chickering and Mason & Hamlin pianos; second-hand uprights, $75 and up; will appeal to careful buyers; write us to-day for interesting information. LOCKE & CO., 164 Tremont st.

EBEN D. BACH UPRIGHT in good order, special low price. WOOD PIANO COMPANY, 180 Tremont st.

IVERS & POND—Four of these fine pianos for sale; terms easy; exchanging only; 20 second-hand pianos, $100 to $300. 246 Washington st.

HENRY F. MILLER UPRIGHTS—See us before you purchase; write us for full description; terms easy; exchanging only; 20 second-hand pianos, $100 to $300. 246 Washington st.

A POSTAL CARD MAY SAVE $50 WE CARRY THE STOCK pianos of all makes; write us what you want; we can save you money; write to-day for full list. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

RENT A PIANO—3 months, $10; allow rent to apply on price; exchanging; we have pianos you may select square, $5 to $50; organs, $2 to $10; uprights, $3 to $15; grands, $10 to $50; second-hand, BLAKE'S, 364 Washington st.; service; established 1865.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOOD LUCK

DO YOU WANT GOOD LUCK? Then you will get it if you wear a Lucky Stone. Lucky Stones bring success and prosperity financially. It is your own fault if you do not come your way. I have thousands of letters from people who say I am lucky in everything and are now prosperous financially. Lucky Stones are mounted in sterling silver and address to Pacific Road, and by mail for 25 cents. I will guarantee nothing to write him, and it may result in your good luck and prosperity. PAY ATTENTION I. HAND, 176 Tremont st., Boston, Mass. This is not astrology or fortune-telling.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—DIVORCES

SECURE YOUR divorce and settlement at once; force free; prompt, reliable, efficient; references from clients; private; advice free; 6 years' practice; easily paid; our only office, LAWYER MILLER, 3 Beacon st., Boston.

ADVICE free; divorces quickly, cheaply; everywhere; private; reliable. ATTY. F. WARD, 27 Pemberton sq., Room 702.

ADVICE IN TROUBLE consult us on law and domestic relations. Advice free. 63 Tremont st., room 314.

REAL ESTATE.

THROUGH the settling of an estate I am able to offer a fine residence, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, in central part of Everett, in a good neighborhood; price $3,500; terms to suit. E. F. HALL, 648 Broadway, Everett.

FARMS, $1 down, $1 week; 10 acres, $100; good soil, plenty of wood. BARTLETT, 89 Court.

SMALL FARMS on the Highlands of Cape Cod, $1.00 a week; photographs at office. HOME-STEAD REALTY CO., 3 Pemberton sq.

I PAY CASH (privately) for anything you sell or anywhere. ALLEN, 19 Tremont st.

HOTELS.

WOMEN TRAVELING ALONE should go direct to the Franklin Square House, one block from Washington st. cars; $1 per day and upward; boarded; rates 75c., $1 and $1.25 per day; special rates by the week; association known as the Franklin Square House.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A 21-foot yacht, sleeps 6ft. new sails, new engine, cushions, etc.; complete for cruising; will sell outright or exchange for real estate. ALBERT F. BRUCE, 24 Western ave., Cambridge, Mass.

LOST AND FOUND.

FOUND—In subway car, Boylston street, small sum of money; owner can have same by calling at Subway Exchange office and paying for this advertisement.

Is Your Hair Falling Out

TURNING GRAY OR FADING?

HAY'S Hairhealth

assisted by Skinhealth Treatment with Hay-dan Soap, positively cures dandruff, kills germ that causes falling hair, grays hair restores hair and beard to its original beauty. KEEPS YOU LOOKING YOUNG

Skinhealth Treatment, 50c., consists of Hay-dan Soap, Skinhealth (ointment), and Skinhealth Tablets, acts upon nerves and forms new tissue for gray or faded hair. Send 5c. postage for Free Sample Hairhealth Tablets to Hay-dan Co., Dept. 5, Boston. Before anything without Hills Hay signature. Large 50c. bottles Hairhealth. Druggists.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

A SAFE, RELIABLE, LADIES ASK your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. At your Druggist, or send 4 stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2800 Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

BARBER DIED NATURALLY, HIS FRIEND FREED

Heinzman Autopsy Shows Death Was Due to Hemhorrage.

Medical Examiner Draper held an autopsy on the body of John L. Heinzman, the barber who was found dead in a chair at No. 29 Milk street, Friday, and decided that death was due to hemorrhage of the lungs. Louis Burrill, who had been held by the police pending an investigation of the case, was discharged.

John Carey, of No. 32 Leon street, Roxbury, brother-in-law of Heinzman, made the following statement to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter to-day:

"Two months ago Heinzman's physician told him that he would have to abstain from all stimulants and eat simpler food, but he disregarded the doctor's orders, eating and drinking what he wished. His wife, my sister, is sick in bed from nervous prostration, so that we will not tell her of his death. In my opinion, the cause of death can be learned only by an autopsy, which will probably be made to-morrow."

Burrill told the police that he went to the barber shop with Heinzman late last night and both fell asleep there. When Burrill awoke to-day he noticed that Heinzman was dead, and at once notified John Jacobus, the janitor. Burrill was asked by the police to go to headquarters and several detectives were assigned to the case. He was given no place of residence, the police say, and refuses other information about himself than his name and address. The janitor did not identify Burrill as one of the barber's customers.

Heinzman was 44 years old, married and lived at No. 29 Spring Park avenue, Jamaica Plain.

Burrill said that he and Heinzman slept in the barber shop several nights.

PATTERSON TRIAL MARCH 6.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—District Attorney Jerome has sent a notification to counsel for Nan Patterson, accused of murdering "Cesar" Young, that a new trial of her case will be begun on March 6.

WOMAN WANTS WHIPPING POST FOR WOMEN

Wife of Wealthy Connecticut Man Urges Equal Punishment for Sex.

MERIDEN, Conn., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Wilbur F. Rogers, wife of a wealthy manufacturer, believes in equal suffering as well as equal suffrage. She wants a whipping post for women, and is talking earnestly in its favor in connection with a bill now before the Legislature providing a whipping post for wife-beaters. The advocacy of Mrs. Rogers that the punishment be extended to members of her sex has created great discussion.

Mrs. Rogers is President of the Hubbard Society and of the Political Equality Club. Her companions in the Political Equality Club are somewhat in doubt whether their belief in women's rights should make them supporters of the whipping-post. Yet most of them agree that husband-nagging is almost as heinous as crime as wife-beating.

DUKE SELLS HIS IRISH ESTATE

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Duke of Manchester has sold his Tandaragee estate at Armagh under the Irish land act for $1,100,000.

SORE FEET

Itching, burning, scaly, and bleeding, are instantly relieved and speedily cured by warm baths with

CUTICURA SOAP

and gentle anointings of Cuticura Ointment, the great Skin Cure and purest and sweetest of emollients. Baths with Cuticura Soap are indispensable in caring for tender, perspiring feet.

CHICHESTER'S PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

A SAFE, RELIABLE, LADIES ASK your Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. At your Druggist, or send 4 stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2800 Madison Square, PHILA., Pa.

AGENTS.

AGENTS on salary or commission; the greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of yarn and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $628 in six days; another $2.20 in two hours. MONROE MFG. CO., X 292, La Crosse, Wis.

HELP WANTED—Male.

School for Watchmaking.

YOUNG MEN—There is a steady demand for good watchmakers and repairers; I will guarantee to teach anyone the watchmaker's trade, 20 years' experience explaining particulars. MAURICE HOTT, Washington st., Boston.

A FEW MEN to learn shoe repairing; good wages; steady work; no layoffs; write or call. BOSTON SHOE REPAIRING CO., 2 Beach st., Boston.

MEN wanted everywhere, cash sales, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; permanent occupation; good pay. AMERICAN UNION, Prentice bldg., Chicago.

TWO men of education, tact, integrity and appearance represent us in N. E. among merchants and manufacturers; must be capable of earning $30 per week; references. DOUBLEDAY PAGE & CO., 64 South bldg.

PHOTOGRAPHIC PERSON, cash district, to manage business for wholesale house; $20 and expenses; steady employment; must be experienced; interview necessary. ROOM 1, 19 GENERAL MANAGER, Exeter bldg., Exeter, Lane.

WANTED—500 cotton mill help, 200 cotton weavers, 50 loom fixers; must not drink. Write CHARLES M. NEWNIS, Woonsocket, R. I.

WANTED—Immediately, experienced laster hand for stone planer; good wages. JACKSON STONE CO., Jackson, Me.

WANTED—At once, first-class operators on vamp and stitcher machines; good work and plenty of it. HILLIARD & TABOR, Haverhill, Mass.

WANTED—Operator on ideal lasting machine; also good buttonhole operator on Singer machine. LAIRD & SCHOBER, Haverhill, Mass.

5 WOODSMEN—Head chopper, teamster, jobber and engineer; no booze used; steady work. Write HENRY & SONS CO., Lincoln, N. H.

WANTED—Young man to learn the automobile business and take position; salary not less than $20 per week to start; must be 21 or over. THE H. H. SCHOOL, 61 and 63 Court st., Boston.

WANTED—Knit goods salesman for permanent distributing circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. CAPITAL ADVERTISING ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AT ASCENSION SOCIETY, 6 FERDINAND ST.

YOUNG GIRL—Light work.

STRONG GIRL—Excellent laundress; second or general work.

YOUNG IRISH CATHOLIC—Light work.

AT TABER'S—At head waitress, city; storeroom; asst., store-room; laundress, school; pastry girl, school; meat cook; pastry cook; waitresses, city and out of town; all hours and non work Sundays; south and pastry girls, 48 summer st.

FIFTY LADIES to learn flower painting on Silks, Satins, Mounts, etc.; plenty of work and to loaners; good pay; no canvassing; state what colors, brushes, etc. A. V. PRESTON, 250 West Fourteenth st., New York.

ENLARGE YOUR BUSTS, LADIES—4 to 10 inches at home; $10; Dr. Cosway's Rust Tablets; at trifling cost; $1,000 for a case we cannot; thousands developed; 10 years' success; booklet free. COSWAY SPECIALTY CO., 15 Temple place, Boston, Mass.

YOUNG WOMEN, 18 to 45½; no canvassing; $3 to $6 weekly working evenings; experience unnecessary; no selling; send stamp for particulars. Address B. WILSON & CO., 603 Walnut st., Philadelphia, Pa.

JAPANESE waiting once or 5 jumping napkin fold free; evening class now forming. MOUSE'S, No. 712 Winchester, N. H.

LADIES—Can do thousand copying short letters at home; material sent free everywhere; send stamped address envelope for copy of letter and full particulars. EASTERN CO., 817 Reed bldg., Phila., Pa.

LADIES—Copying large work to sell, spare time; Battenberg, drawnwork; also to do under work; material furnished. LADIES' ART CO., 1 Monroe st., Chicago.

LADIES—$25 thousand copying short letters at home; material sent free everywhere; send stamped addressed envelope for copy of letter and full particulars. EASTERN CO., 817 Reed bldg., Phila., Pa.

LADIES and gentlemen to fold circulars; best paying home work; particulars stamped, addressed envelope. DEVEREUX & CO., 44 Park row, New York.

LADIES—$30 thousand copying letters; at home; material sent everywhere; stamped addressed envelope for particulars. U. S. ADVERTISING CO., Rochester, N. Y.

MIDDLE-AGED lady wanted to sell our family medicines; salary and expenses; $60 per month; permanent position; no peddling. DR. MILES MED. CO., Elkhart, Ind.

WANTED—Young lady for general housework; must have good baby; give particulars. Address BOX 2, Roxbury.

WANTED—Young girl, experienced first-class housecooking. Call, after 8, 56 Bliss st., city.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

AMERICAN young man, 29, handy at anything, $10 a month; board, R. H. Boston American.

YOUNG man wishes position as bookkeeper; experienced bookkeeper, age 24; first-class references from last employer. Address BOX 2, Boston American.

YOUNG MAN, widow position as cook in restaurant; experience and references; address 15 Bowen st.

BOWEN'S, 83 Portland st., the place for reliable help; all departments; talented cooks, etc.

CLERK, in gent store, 3 years' experience, good salesman; $10 week. Boston American.

COMPOSITOR, straight matter or job, steady man, city or country; reference. BOX 1, Boston American.

DENTAL REPAIRS work wanted, 15 years' experience on crowns to weaken mill; lathe, bench, outside; reasonable. ADDRESS, 177 E. Fifth st., West Fitchburg, Mass.

EXPERIENCED soda and ice cream business; also baking; private recipes for sponge and all; best references; $15 week to start. MARIA DEMAS, 15 Shawmut ave., Roxbury.

GRADUATE of horse shoeing; reliable man wants steady job; city or country. A. W. SUNDELIUS, 179 Shawmut ave., Roxbury.

GRADUATE of Boston Conservatory of Music, teacher; Junior, watchman, handy man, caretaker, or janitor; $40 month; references. WILTON, 3794 Main st., Worcester.

MIDDLE-AGED man wants a position as stable-man; is a good horseman; can take care of horses and carriages; best of references. FRED V. PENLEY, 4 Hancock st., Medford, Mass.

TEAM, strong, temperate, would accept any steady work; $3 per day. 1 Bow st., Somerville.

WANTED—By a young man of 22 yrs. as assistant bookkeeper or office work; has had 2 years' experience; address or call 74 Boston American.

WANTED—A position as traveling salesman; good references. H. C. K., 33 Mulberry st., Attleboro, Mass.

YOUNG MAN wants a few hours' work of any kind; reasonable. BING, 7754 Tremont st.

$25 to anyone securing me a job as porter, janitor, or elevator; have had no trade of work. B 21, Boston American.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AT ASCENSION SOCIETY, 6 FERDINAND ST. EXPERIENCED HELP FURNISHED. BEST REFERENCES.

LADY, housekeeper of nursing invalids, wants moderate salary.

CHILD'S NURSE—Moderate wages or would assist in light housework.

COOK, boarding house, $5.

COOK, small family, excellent references, moderate wages.

A LADY who has spent several seasons in Florida would like to travel as traveling companion to elderly couples or young lady spending winter in that state; best references; can furnish her own transportation, wardrobe, manicure, etc. G. S., 33 Boston American.

CAPABLE Irish girl, excellent cook, laundress; $5 week. 154 Bay st.

COMPETENT girl, girl wants gen. housework, small family; $5 week. 1 Bow st., Somerville.

DRESSMAKER, wants work, $1.00 per day. MISS FLORENCE, 1 Washington st., Somerville, Mass.

EXPERIENCED waitress or chambermaid would like position in hotel or boarding house; reasonably reserved. Q. 30, Boston American.

FIRST-CLASS cook wants position; would like to take home or go out. MRS. E., 116 Camden st., Boston.

POSITION wanted by a capable, trustworthy woman as housekeeper; would take charge of a widower's family; used to children; reference given. 3 Bow st., Somerville.

POSITION wanted by an experienced Protestant girl as housework; good cook; small family preferred; best of reference given. Boston American.

SMART, experienced kitchen girl wants work in family; good wages; no references. 1 Bow st., room 410.

STENOGRAPHER desires permanent position. B 19, Boston American.

SEAMSTRESS would like work by the day, 205 Hampshire st., Cambridge.

WANTED—Situation as cook or housekeeper; in family of two or three; best of references. 44 Hesth st.

WANTED—Housekeeper's position by Protestant woman of 30; respectable parties. Address D 2, Boston American.

YOUNG, strong green girl wants work of any kind. Call 9 Lawrence st., off Berkeley.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

$25.00 REWARD.

INFORMATION wanted of a Boston terrier bitch, lost or stolen in Chelsea, in March, 1904; dark brindle body, all white head, cut ears, tail docked; answers to the name of "Queenie." Address Bitch, 1107 Broadway, Chelsea, Mass.

MEDICAL.

MRS. DR. ROBERTS' MONTHLY REMEDIES

have brought the thousands of women from all sides; why should you suffer? Don't you know that we have the remedy at hand? The best that Medical Science in the past 20 years can boast is the benefits of my superior knowledge after twenty years as a specialist in this way alone. My success of the past 20 years has placed me upon the highest pinnacle of fame in the treatment of all female irregularities. Remember, you are absolutely sure and cure. I offer $5,000 in any case I fail to relieve in 24 hours. Don't be misled by ads. and pay money until relieved. My licensed lying-in hospital is open for the reception of ladies during confinement cases. Office 152 Tremont st., hours 9-5, Sundays 10-1.

MEDICAL.

Ladies, Don't

Waste time and money and ruin your health with patent medicines. Get Old Dr. Hall's Indian Vegetable Pills, Dr. Jackson's monthly remedy. It has stood the test of many years' use and is reliable. Don't fret or worry, but use Old Dr. Hall's Pills and you will be relieved in 24 hours. Don't fail to relieve in 24 hours. Don't fail to write us at once if you are in trouble. There is positively no other place in Boston where you can get relief in a day like this and cases failed to see us at once. Don't be misled by unscrupulous parties who claim to have the same. Don't be deceived. Don't be humbugged. Don't be swindled. Don't be robbed. Don't be cheated

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

CARTOONIST TAD'S RINGSIDE STUDY OF BATTLING NELSON'S INDELIBLE FIGHTING SMILE.

JEFF TO FIGHT ONCE MORE; THEN RETIRE

SAVANNAH, Ga., Feb. 18.—James J. Jeffries made a statement here to-day declaring that he would only enter the ring to defend the world's championship once more, and that this match must come within the next twelve months. The champion assigns as his reason for this growing distaste for severe training and the hard and constant work necessary to keep in condition.

He says he has accumulated and invested enough money to keep him comfortable for the rest of his days.

Billy Delaney, the veteran trainer, who has unearthed two world's champions, says he will also retire from active participation in all matters pertaining to the ring when Jeff steps down and out.

DOUGLAS DREW WITH SULLIVAN AT MARLBORO

Special to the Boston American.

MARLBORO, Feb. 18.—Before a very light house, which necessitated cutting the fight short, Tommy Sullivan, of Lawrence, and Fred Douglas, of Savannah, fought six rounds to a draw. Jimmy Gardner, of Lowell, awarding the decision.

The first three rounds were in favor of the Southerner, but in the remaining distance Sullivan gained strength and finished evenly with his rival.

Young Ahern put away Kid Williams in a trifle over one round, and Tommy Carpenter, of Woburn, and Gus Dumont, of Philadelphia, went six rounds to a draw. Both "prelims" were very fast.

BERT CUTLER WON MATCH

The match game of billiards between Bert Cutler, the New England champion, and Alexander Taylor of Chicago at the Hub parlors was finished, Cutler winning by the score of 2,000 to 1,209.

A society woman's novel scheme for training gawks into graces for cash is described in to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

GRIM WOULDN'T GO TO SLEEP

Special to the Boston American.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 18.—When the gong sounded in the sixth round, which was the last of their battle, before the Lancaster A. C., Dixie Kid and Joe Grim, were fighting so fiercely that they had to be pulled apart. Several times during the mill Grim was hit hard enough to knock out the ordinary pugilist, but it didn't jar him a bit.

HARVARD SEVEN WILL MEET YALE TO-NIGHT IN NEW YORK

Harvard and Yale line up to-night at the St. Nicholas rink, New York city, in what promises to be the hottest game of inter-collegiate hockey that has ever been played. The two old-time rivals have held a clean record in the inter-university league to date, each having defeated Princeton, Columbia and Brown.

Both have been putting their best foot forward during the last week of practice in order to be in the best of shape for to-night and according to reports from the rival camps both will be in tip top shape when they face each other in the critical battle.

Hockey is one of the most popular of intercollegiate sports in New York and stirs swell college crowds always turn out to witness the big inter-collegiate ice contests. The Yale-Harvard contest is always the most popular game of the year. This year with the Blue and the Crimson pre-eminent over all other college teams, a record breaking crowd is sure to throng the rink. The battle this evening is of added interest because on it hangs the possible permanent possession of the handsome Cella cup, the emblem of supremacy on the ice in the college world. Harvard has won the inter-collegiate championship for the past two years and a third successive victory this evening will mean that the Cambridge University will have permanent possession of the beautiful trophy.

The chances of a Harvard victory have been greatly increased by the fact that Manning, the famous Harvard goal, will protect the Crimson cage from the hot shots of the Yale team. Yale has one of the fastest teams that has ever represented the Blue on the ice. The sons of Old Eli are light compared with the seven gridiron athletes that will wear the Crimson, although heavier than their adversaries, Harvard is by no means slow, the Crimson line of forwards playing a whirlwind game.

With Manning, who has played in only one other game this year, that with Columbia, at goal, Saxe at point, and Newhall at coverpoint, Harvard has an unusually solid and effective defense.

The Harvard seven and substitutes left Cambridge for New York yesterday afternoon. They arrived in time to go to the St. Nicholas rink and indulge in a little practice, to keep them in form and to get them familiar with the rink on which they will meet Yale. The line-up will be:

YALE.		HARVARD.
Rohr, L.		Winter
Jacox, I.		Cullen
Cowell, I.		Saxe
Sheard, c.		Newhall
Fisher, p.		Manning
Flynn, p.		Saxe
Lang, s.		Manning

Harvard and Brown will line up at Providence this evening in the second basketball game of the two colleges within two days. In the first game played at Cambridge, the Crimson beat the Providence rivals to the tune of 27-10. Brown is expected to play a stronger game on their own floor and a hot contest is looked for. The line-up will be:

HARVARD.		BROWN.
Henderson, Ut.		Lt. Rackle
Bowditch, r.		r. De Wolfe
Bingham, c.		c. Prior
Burnham, l.g.		l.g. Rackle
Jenkins, r.g.		r.g. Reynolds

At a meeting of the Harvard athletic committee it was decided to change the recently passed eligibility rule that no athlete be allowed to represent the University in more than two periods of the athletic year.

The athletic year at Harvard is now supposed to be divided into three periods, Fall, Winter and Spring. Football is the only sport supposed to be covered in the Fall period; hockey, basket ball, swimming, fencing and gymnastics, the Winter, and the remainder of the sports, the Spring period.

This arrangement will allow such a man as Bob Kernan to play football, baseball and track, while under the old rule he could play only two of them.

'FRISCO SPORTS BET ON NELSON

BY TAD.

"Young Corbett" and Battling Nelson will meet again on the 26th of this month at San Francisco, and there will be fireworks.

Last November Nelson beat the little trouper to a pulp in ten rounds, forcing the latter's seconds to throw up the sponge to save him from annihilation.

"Corbett" claims that he was not in shape, although he spent five weeks in training, and wired East that he was a good thing to play on and had a cinch.

Mr. "Corbett" was mistaken in his dope on Nelson. There were others mistaken on that Battling gent, and the 'Frisco sports think that "Corbett" will be mistaken again this month.

Nelson has tackled the hardest man in the world at his weight, and no one knows it better than James Britt, who was given a battle-like decision over the Dane last December. James refused to fight him this month. He would rather watch by the ringside during the "Corbett" Nelson fight and then take on the winner, unless some ripe cones up in the meantime.

Nelson is back at his old training quarters in Larkspur, with Rawlins Reilly and some local amateurs working with him. He has not engaged any very clever men to work with him this time, as he expects a rip-snorting battle from the start, and his work is all of the toughest sort.

"Young Corbett" is not one of those hit-and-run all-over-the-ring fighters. He is a give-and-take scrapper, but is Nelson he found one who could take all that was coming, and still get back into the fray as strong as a bull and as full of fight as a tiger. In Denver there was a second Terry McGovern it's this Nelson, and he never will be licked until someone drops him cold on the floor with a punch something like middleweights carry. "Corbett's" best punches had no effect on him. Britt's jabs made him laugh, and the terrible body punishment that Eddie Hanlon dished out to him nearly made him fight harder.

As a mixer Nelson is certainly a battler, and the man that nicknamed him "Battling" certainly knew his business.

M'GOVERN MAY FIGHT BRITT IN APRIL

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Terry McGovern wants a crack at Jimmy Britt now, and his manager, Sam Harris, says he is going to have it. Harris is in communication with Alec Greggains, matchmaker of the San Francisco A. C., and it is probable that Greggains will put the bout on some time in April, when his club gets the lighting privilege.

McGovern expects to get Britt to make the poundage at 9 o'clock. Terry says at that weight he will beat the Frisco boy right from the scratch, but if he should not and which Corbett lost to Britt.

Harris says he will be this city next week with his show. While here he expects to clinch the match.

BERGER WINS IN THE FIRST

By Boston American Leased Wire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—After just two minutes fighting, Sam Berger, the amateur heavyweight, knocked out Jim Carey.

Berger was remarkably fast on his feet, and kept the rival at a distance. He saw an opportune moment to sneak in the sleep punch.

BOSTON LATIN BEATEN.

A fast and interesting game of basketball was played at the West Roxbury High School between Boston Latin School and the West Roxbury High School, which resulted in a victory for the home team, 19 to 10.

'CORBETT' SURE HE WILL BEAT BAT NELSON

BY W. W. NAUGHTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 18.—"Young Corbett" has announced his intention of betting $5,000 on the outcome of his fight with Battling Nelson this month. "Corbett" says that a friend has offered to advance him the money, and that it will be placed in the hands of Harry Corbett to be covered by Nelson's backers. "Corbett" expects to get about 6 or 7 to 5 for his money.

It might as well make this fight mean everything to me," said "Corbett," as he rested after a hard set to with Joe Gans in his training quarters. If I should lose the small end of the purse would fall short of covering my $5,000 and I would be pretty nearly off for a season. I was born a plunger, however, and I am willing to take the chance. I want this fight to make or break me, so I'm going to make a big bet.

The truth of the matter is that "Corbett" has a wholesome fear of whipping Nelson, and he is anxious to clean up a "nice stake" on the fight, all the more as this may be the last fight pulled off in Frisco for some time. The fact that "Corbett" was beaten by Nelson in a most decisive manner the last time they met is not worrying the Pioneer boy. He figures that Nelson cannot stop him again, and that any second or third later could have beaten him under the circumstances.

Don't miss to-morrow's Great Comic Section of the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN. The Katzenjammers, Jimmy, Sweet Little Katy and the rest celebrate Washington's birthday.

YOUNG KENNY WILL BATTLE WITH FORBES

Lawrence fans will have a chance to see Clarence Forbes in action, as the West End Social and Athletic Club has matched him with Young Kenney, of Lawrence, on Washington's Birthday evening. Three good preliminaries are on the card, as follows: Black Fitzpatrick vs. Joe Reed, Larry Hayes, of South Boston, vs. Jack Young, of Lawrence; Young Keegan and Kid Broderick, both of Andover.

* * *

Kid Farmer, of South Boston, says that Young Duffy, Young Boudrot and Tommy Ecklin are afraid of him, as they have not acknowledged his challenge. He asks "Will they toe the mark?"

* * *

Jimmy Gardner is unsuccessful in getting Henry Mellody into the ring, as the Charlestown boy sidesteps every effort of the Lowell boy to arrange a bout. Gardner is sincere in every move he has made and can do nothing more toward arranging a meeting, and Mellody's followers are wondering what the matter is with their idol.

* * *

Eddie Carr, of Charlestown, is in fine condition to meet some of the local boys, and there are none of them that have anything on him in the bantam class. He can beat a lot of these posing lads.

* * *

John A. Sullivan, the fast welterweight, has just returned from England with Jim Clarkin, and in the best of shape to meet anyone in his class around here. While over on the other side he had a good time, and he did so well that the Englishmen got scared of him and refused to match him. He will return later to get on a match with Benny Dobbs, who is still idolized by the Britishers, but before he goes he would like to tackle Peter Sullivan, of Fall River, at catchweights or any old way, to show his friends that he still retains that famous wallop that has sent many down.

* * *

Manager Greggains has all but made up his mind to match Jack Johnson and Marvin Hart as the star attraction for the San Francisco Club, in case the Legislature kills the fight game bill, that Greggains made one attempt to match Jimmy Britt as the winner of the coming month's fight between Nelson and Corbett, but Britt's demands were such that Greggains could see no profit for his club in handling the match.

CORNELL EASY FOR OLD ELI

NEW HAVEN, Feb. 18.—The Cornell basketball team was an easy mark for Yale. The Elis won in their gymnasium by a score of 35 to 6 points.

AMERICAN LEAGUE BASEBALL SCHEDULE FOR 1905

	AT CHICAGO	AT ST. LOUIS	AT DETROIT	AT CLEVELAND	AT WASHINGTON	AT PHILADELPHIA	AT NEW YORK	AT BOSTON
CHICAGO		April 24, 25, 26, 27; June 26, July 1 Sept. 18, 19 Oct. 6, 7, 8	April 19, 20, 21, 22; June 29 July 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 Sept. 1, 2 Sept. 20	May 6, 7, 8, 9 July 4, 5, 6, 7 Oct. 2, 3, 4	June 10, 12, 13, 14 July 3, 4, 5, 7	June 6, 7, 8, 9 July 29,31,Aug.1,2 Sept. 28, 29, 30	June 15, 16, 17, 19 July 28, 30 Sept. 21, 22, 23	June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 12, 14, 15, 16 Sept. 25, 26, 27
ST. LOUIS	April 14, 15, 16, 17; June 27, 28, 29 Sept. 4, 5, 6		May 1, 2, 3, 4 July 4, 5, 6 Sept. 7, 8, 9	April 28, 29 May 26, 30, 30, 31 June 21 Sept. 4, 5, 6	June 29, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 28, 29, 30	June 15, 16, 17, 19 July 31, Aug. 1 Oct. 2, 3, 4	June 10, 12, 13, 14 July 3, 4, 5, 7 Sept. 25, 26, 27	June 6, 7, 8, 9 July 29,31,Aug.1,2 Sept. 21, 22, 23
DETROIT	April 23, 28, 29, 30; May 29, 30, 30, 31 July 3, 4 Sept. 10	May 3, 4, 7 June 1, 2, 3, 4 June 25 Sept. 2, 3, 17		April 24, 25, 26, 27; July 1, 2 Sept. 26, 27, 28	June 6, 7, 8, 9 July 29,31,Aug.1,2 Sept. 21, 22, 23	June 10, 12, 13, 14 July 3, 4, 5, 7 Oct. 5, 6	June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 12, 14, 15, 16 Sept. 25, 26, 27	June 15, 16, 17, 19 July 28, 30 Sept. 28, 29, 30
CLEVELAND	April 19, 20, 21, 22; April 30 July 2, 3, 7, 8, 9 Sept. 10	April 24, 25, 26, 27; Sept. 26, 27, 28 Sept. 12, 13, 14, 16			June 15, 16, 17, 19 Aug. 12, 14, 15, 16 Sept. 25, 26, 27	June 20, 21, 22, 23 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 21, 22, 23	June 6, 7, 8, 9 July 29,31,Aug.1,2 Sept. 28, 29, 30	June 10, 12, 13, 14 Aug. 2, 3, 5, 7 Oct. 2, 3, 4
WASHINGTON	May 20, 31; June 24 July 1, 2, 3, 4 Aug. 28, 29, 30	May 26, 27, 28, 29 July 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 25, 26, 27	May 16, 17, 18, 19 July 31, Aug. 1 Aug. 22, 23, 24	May 11, 12, 13, 15; July 27 Aug. 18, 19, 21		May 5, 6, 8, 9 July 24, 25, 26, 27 Sept. 5, 6, 7	June 1, 2, 3, 5 June 6, 7, 8, 9 Sept. 2, 4, 4	June 29, 30 July 1, 3 Sept. 11, 12
PHILADELPHIA	May 16, 17, 18, 19 July 23, 24, 25, 26 Aug. 18, 19, 20	May 10, 17, 18, 19 July 19, 20, 21, 22 Aug. 16, 17, 18	May 20, 22, 23, 24 July 14, 15, 17, 18 Aug. 28, 29, 30	May 25, 26, 27 July 14, 15, 17, 18 Aug. 22, 23, 24	May 30, 31, 31, Aug. 1 July 10, 11, 12, 13 Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7		April 26, 27, 28, 29 July 23, 24, 25, 26 Sept. 18, 19, 20	April 20, 27, 28, 29 June 30, 30 July 1, 3 Sept. 11, 12
NEW YORK	May 12, 13, 14, 15 July 19, 20, 21, 22 Aug. 18, 19, 20	May 16, 17, 18, 19 July 23, 24, 25, 26 Aug. 22, 23, 24	May 20, 22, 23, 24 July 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 28, 29, 30	May 25, 26, 27 July 14, 15, 17, 18 Aug. 22, 23, 24	April 19, 20, 21, 22 May 30, 30, 31, 31 Sept. 6, 7, 8, 9	April 15, 17 July 6, 7, 8, 9 Sept. 13, 14, 15, 16		April 26, 27, 28, 29 July 23, 24, 25, 26 Sept. 18, 19, 20
BOSTON	May 25, 26, 27, 28 July 10, 11, 12, 13 Aug. 25, 26, 27	May 20, 21, 22, 24 July 27, 28, 29, 31 Aug. 29, 30, 31	May 11, 12, 13, 15 July 24, 25, 26, 27 Aug. 18, 19, 21	April 19, 20, 21, 22 July 19, 20, 21, 22 Aug. 22, 23, 24	April 18, 19, 20 May 30, 30, 31, 31 Sept. 18, 19, 20	April 14, 15, 17 July 6, 7, 8, 9 Sept. 13, 14, 15, 16	May 1, 2, 3, 4 June 1, 2, 3, 5 Sept. 2, 4, 4	

CHAMP SERIES IS NOW A FIXTURE

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—By ratifying the conditions suggested by the National Baseball Commission, the American League insured a championship series next Fall for the world's baseball crown.

Three games are to be played in each city, the seventh on neutral ground. All the games will be conducted under the auspices of the National Commission. A pennant is to be awarded the winner, and the players of that club are to receive costly emblems.

Will Have to Post Forfeit.

Each club will be required to post a substantial forfeit. There must be two umpires. Should there be a difference in the playing rules of the two leagues, the National Commission will decide the point in dispute.

The National Commission will receive 10 per cent of the gross receipts to pay umpires and for the purchase of pennant and emblems. After deducting the 10 per cent for the commission, 40 per cent of the balance of the receipts for the first four games goes into a pool for the players (75 per cent to the winner and 25 per cent to the loser). The balance will be divided equally between the two clubs.

Should the series extend beyond the expiration of the contracts, the players will be paid salaries at their regular rate.

Won't Touch Foul Strike Rule.

The joint committee on rules of the two leagues met and adopted the rules of 1904. The foul strike rule was discussed, but it was thought advisable to leave it in operation at least another year. The balk rule will be enforced more strictly than ever before.

Ban Johnson had a long talk with Howard Griffith, representative of the National Association, who agreed to accept the proposition of the American League, which provided that the minors receive $1,000 for Class A players, $750 for Class B, and $500 for Class C players, as the other leagues. Griffith agreed to let the arrangement stand for a year, and if it were not satisfactory, his application for more suitable terms would be duly considered.

The American League, after having ratified the schedule and plans for a championship series, tendered a banquet to the players, magnates and baseball writers, which proved a gratifying success.

Champs Start Season April 14.

Boston opens the season in Philadelphia April 14, and the first game in Boston is slated for April 21 with Philadelphia. The Champions wind up the season at home with New York on Oct. 6, 7 and 8.

The East goes West for the intersectional games, the Boston Americans playing seven day games in the West, each preceded by Saturday games in the same cities.

The Boston dates are May 28 and August 27 in Chicago, May 21 and July 16 in St. Louis.

Boston plays at home with Detroit on May 30 (Memorial Day), and with Philadelphia on July 4. Boston plays in New York on Labor Day, and has double headers scheduled for May 31 and September 18 in Washington, and July 5 in Philadelphia.

PISTOL H. WAS VICTOR

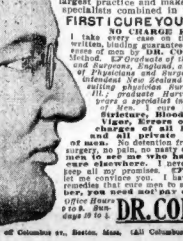
LIVERPOOL, Eng., Feb. 18.—In the annual coursing race for the Waterloo cup at Altcar to-day, W. H. Pawson's Pistol, H. won, defeating Prince Plumbic in the final.

WONT PLAY HARVARD.

EXETER, N. H., Feb. 18.—Manager Roger L. Thaxter of the Phillips Exeter Academy baseball team issued his schedule to-day. The annual contest with Harvard is missing this year, as it was cancelled by the college, but a game has been arranged with the University of Pennsylvania in its stead.

TO TRY FOR BIG HANDICAP.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—It is said that E. B. Thomas, of this city, will be represented in the $50,000 St. Louis Handicap to be run next year. When Hermis was beaten last Summer Mr. Thomas declared that he would never race in St. Louis again, but Mr. Delano has been nominated in the name of R. E. Watkins, presumably to run in the Thomas interests.



MEN IF DISEASED OR IN TROUBLE, CALL ON ME AT ONCE. MY GUARANTEE FOR A PERFECT CURE IS, PAY ME WHEN CURED, YOU TO BE THE JUDGE. I am the most reliable and successful specialists in Boston. I never fail to cure to stay cured any man whose case I accept for treatment. For this reason I have the largest practice and make more cures than any two specialists combined in Boston.

FIRST I CURE YOU, THEN YOU PAY ME NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES.

I take every case on this condition, and I give a written, binding guarantee to cure to stay cured all diseases of men by DR. COLLINS' New and Marvelous Method. *(Graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, England, also Kings and Queens College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland; late Surgeon to the Queen's Own Royal Regiment; Surgeon to the Queen's Own Royal Regiment; Surgeon to the Queen's Own Royal Regiment;

WOMEN READ THIS PAGE BECAUSE: The most famous authors, Julia Ward Howe, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Mrs. John A. Logan, Dorothy Dix, Winifred Black and a host of others write for it. BECAUSE: the fashions pictured from day to day are by the greatest modistes, in the latest modes, and above all ***accurate.*** BECAUSE: it shows you how—if you want to set your table with dainty silver and cut glass—you can do so for nothing. BECAUSE: its stories are the brightest, its answers to correspondents the most interesting, its patterns the latest. IT IS A PAGE ABOUT WOMEN, FOR WOMEN, BY WOMEN.

Why Married Life Is Dull, by Dorothy Dix

A MAGAZINE has recently made the assertion that eight women out of every ten who married were disappointed in their husbands.

This is true, but it does not mean, as it seems to, that eight men out of ten are wicked Bluebeards who delight in torturing their wives. Neither does it prove, as one might suppose, that eight husbands out of ten have serious faults that render them disagreeable as matrimonial partners.

No man marries a woman with a set purpose of making her miserable. On the contrary, every man's desire and his belief is that he can make the woman he leads to the altar happy, and he doesn't find out what a difficult job he has tackled until it is too late to back out.

In taking a wife, a man assumes heavy responsibilities; he curtails his freedom and gives up his liberty, and he sets himself in for a lifetime of doing what somebody else wants him to do instead of what he wants to do himself, and it is foolish to suppose that a any man would make these sacrifices for a woman that he wasn't doing his best to please and satisfy.

This being the case, and no one can deny that the majority of men spend their days toiling and slaving to support their wives and make them comfortable and happy, why are so many women disappointed in their husbands? Why is there so much waste motion of men's good intentions, so to speak?

The average woman who finds the gilt off the gingerbread of matrimony he does not charge any overt offence against her husband. She seldom complains that he neglects her, or is cruel to her, or that he beats her or starves her, but the crime on his part that has shattered love's young dreams, that has stripped the halo and the glory from her ideal, that has turned marriage from poetry into prose, and that is the blighting disappointment of her life, is that he does not understand her.

This is her grievance, and it might be his, too, for women no more understand men than men understand women. Each speaks a tongue that the other does not comprehend.

That men do not understand women is not so remarkable as that women do not understand men, for men have ever devoted as much time to studying feminine peculiarities as women have to trying to probe the mysteries of the masculine mind. Long ago man gave woman up as a conundrum that he could never solve, and quit guessing about her, but a woman's privileges and perquisites have depended upon how nearly she could read the riddle of man, and so she kept working at it.

And the funny part of it all is that the reason she has never found the answer is because it is so easy—plain—so apparent. The thing that baffles woman in man, the thing that she can never understand, is his simplicity.

There is an old story told by a diplomat, whose cunning and subtlety were so great that no one among his compeers could compete with him. At every turn he foiled and outwitted his opponents. They could never anticipate his next move, or form any conjecture as to what position he would take, while his every word was regarded as so cryptic that they spent hours in debating its inner meaning, and attempting to forecast what it might portend.

At last, when the diplomat was aged and feeble, and had retired from public life, some one went to him and asked him what was the secret of this marvellous skill that he possessed, to which the diplomat replied that he had always spoken the exact truth, and was a moonlight night, and he felt had always told precisely what he intended to do, and this simplicity was so impossible to his rivals that they were utterly unable to understand him, or deal with it.

This illustrates as nearly as possible man's and woman's attitude toward each other. A woman cannot comprehend a man's simplicity, and when she fails to understand it she thinks that he is very, very deep, and "devilish sly," as Joey Bagley used to say in Dickens's story. Take the matter of love, for instance. When a man tells a woman he loves her, and marries her to prove it, and offers additional evidence daily on the subject by toiling to support her, he regards the matter as placed beyond argument.

It no more occurs to him that any one could question his affection than that any one could question his solvency if he owned a bank and a block of buildings. The thing is there to show for itself.

Now, it is utterly impossible for a woman to understand this simple masculine point of view on the subject. She cannot comprehend that somebody can accept a fact as a fact, and let it go at that.

Her feeling about love is like that of a child with a flower—she must be continually digging it up to see if it is growing. So when a husband ceases to tell her he loves her, because it seems to him idle to mention such a palpable thing, she immediately begins to argue that he has ceased to love her. It is true that he is still as domestic as the house cat, and that he is kind and considerate, but that only impresses her as something extraordinarily subtle and inexplicable.

"Why should he be so good to me, when he has stopped telling me that he loves me?" she asks herself, and she's as likely as not to work the answer out to be "Remorse of conscience," whereas the real solution of the enigma is that the man is good to her because he loves her and delights in his simple masculine way to show it.

The first place where a man disappoints his wife is in her acceptance of love as a fact instead of a subject for debate and dissection. The next is when he fails to regard herself and himself as mysteries. This also is the result of simplicity. The ordinary man has absolutely no psychological point of view about his wife or himself. To him a wife is a spade. To her it is frequently a parlor ornament with a high-sounding title and a blue ribbon tied around the handle.

When she has vague purple yearnings after the whiteness of the ain't, he suggests a new dress, and turns mournfully away to shed bitter tears in secret because she is married to one who does not understand her higher nature.

What she would adore in him would be his seeing in her a strange, weird nature, altogether different from other women, full of mysterious impulses—and when he only sees in her an ordinary woman who doesn't know her own mind two minutes at a time, she can't forgive him for it.

A woman's ideal of a perfectly happy marriage is one in which the husband and wife sit up the entire time analyzing their emotions, and when she finds that a man doesn't do things for occult reasons, but simply and solely because it was handy, it baffles her completely. It is for this reason that men are never as good or as bad as women think them.

The men that break women's hearts are not the deep, dark, designing villains that women imagine. They are merely careless. A man will make love in a flirtation from the very first and has visions of wrecking a life by her coquetry, and of the man hypocrisying his lonely way through life because of her perfidy.

But when a man makes love to a pretty girl it is simply and merely because he cannot help himself. He never, and in a way is spoken the exact truth, and was a moonlight night, and he felt

SOME EARLY SIGNS OF EARLY SPRINGTIME

These four "confections" in millinery arrived on the last steamer direct from Paris.

sentimental, and he has no sinister purpose whatever.

The same difference in point of view may be noticed in financial transactions. The one thing that surprises every married woman is that her husband was able to keep out of the poorhouse before she took charge of his pocketbook, and she can't understand how it is that men are able to get along when they are so extravagant.

Perhaps men and women will never understand each other. Perhaps it is not desirable that they should. And that they are never so interesting to each other as when they keep each other guessing, but certainly the great insoluble mystery of man that woman will never understand is his simplicity.

DOROTHY DIX.

Daily Short Story

HIS LOST LETTER

By Ada Patterson

In Judge Gehring's home on a Thursday afternoon were the merry flutter of many young women and the joyous hubbub of much ringing of doorbells and many arrivals of florist boys and postal messengers. Women in gowns of silk and lace con- gregated loudly on the staircase, or made a final vivacious survey of the drawing rooms, where a huge bell of white roses hung above the bay window, and ropes of cedar and smilax festooned about the ceiling and potted plants set against the walls gave it the air of a broad, fragrant forest glade, and of the dining and breakfast rooms, where a score of small tables were grouped about a long table, a rose bud stood a large cake.

In a big, mellow-tinted room upstairs were spread on every available surface glittering gifts in silver and gold and jewels. The door was open and from the mysterious depths beyond came laughter and girlish voices punctuated with exclamations. The shyness but mischievous eyed maid, who never left the room where the presents were spread, peeped within a closet to see whether the collection of ancient shoes and glistening rice remained undisturbed.

The scene was the ever recurrent but always engrossing one of a wedding, and the ceremony was not in non distant.

Mildred Gehring, impeded by four attendant bridesmaids, assisted by one demure maid and supervised by a palpitant dress maker, was swathing herself in all the shining mystery of her bridal gown.

"Don't you think, madam, the gown is just a trifle short on the left?"

The dressmaker was on her knees in an instant. A deft little tug and pat, and the chiffon flounce was the mate of its twin. The bride-elect smiled at the vision in the mirror, while her bridals uttered ecstatic ones little cries of approval.

Tall and of entirely soaring, her figure full of gracious curves, her dark eyes glowing, her red lips smiling, her head crowned with its natural coronet of chestnut braids, Mildred was that rarest of all things, a beautiful and happy woman. For an instant she realized it, and thanked God for the consciousness of self returned.

"Don't you so much for your help, girls! How good you are! And your gowns are lovely, Madame, will please such be witching bridesmaids. Yes, the veil, Alice."

Then it was that Mary, the maid, who had been guarding the wedding presents and the concealed rice and old shoe supply, came in with the letter.

For nearly a month letters in a familiar and loved hand had come to her, and after the cables had told her that the brave young writer was dead, Mildred Gehring had been the veil of death, and lying in a hut in the Philippines the officer had penned one message of courage after the other until the hand refused to obey the master.

This, then, after nearly six years, was the last.

"My darling—Perhaps—it may be—there is a strange weakness stealing over me. I may never see you again. I have believed until to-day I was stronger than the fever, but it isn't making a fair fight, Millie. A man dies always from the cold. It is creeping up from my feet, and perhaps—it may be—I will never see you again. God bless you, my own. I would have you happy. I would not condemn you to an eternal widowhood—"

A hurried hand had thrust the unfinished letter into an envelope, and had addressed it according to the whispered last words of the man who wrote it. Mildred Gehring saw the man she had loved on a pallet in the Filipino hut—saw him feebly kneel the old letter, saw the attendant address the envelope as he caught the whispered words of the dying man. It was the same attendant, doubtless, who later closed his eyes. Mildred, looking out of the window at the drifting gray clouds, pushed aside the veil and brought her

The bridesmaids, intuitive, but helpless, looked at each other. Madame wonderingly waited. The maid, who had long been in the Gehringer service, with a glance at the letter, laid the veil gently on the divan and quietly left the room.

A moment later Judge Gehring entered, and madame and the bridesmaids, with a glance at his grave face, left them alone.

Mildred at the sound of her father's step turned her white face toward him. He held out his arms, and, like a child, she crept into them, sobbing.

"The letter," she sobbed. "Oh, father, is it right?"

Judge Gehring stroked the dark head upon his shoulder, while he read the letter from the dead.

"Father, is it right?" sobbed the girl in his arms.

"Little one," he said, in a tender voice, "there are few bridals that have not some shadow from a former love. Yours has been thrown with cruel distinctness to-day. That is all. You mourned your betrothed as gratefully as though he had been your husband. For three years you immured yourself at home with sorrow. For two more you resisted Richard Dalton's wooing. You never consented to marry him until you knew you loved him. And you see what Captain Graham has written? His last message is, 'I would not doom you to an eternal widowhood.'"

Still Mildred shook her head and sobbed. A carriage stopped at the gate. The bridegroom alighted.

"No doubt Dick has had love affairs of his own," Judge Gehring observed, "but I hope he is not thinking of them to-day."

Richard Dalton, however, Richard Dalton, glancing upward, saw the outline of their figures near the window. He lifted his hat and smiled.

Judge Gehring kissed his daughter's forehead. Alice, entering with soft tread, caught the eye of her mistress. Reverently she cast down her eyes and awaited her commands.

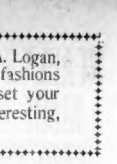
"Daughter!" Judge Gehring spoke softly.

Mildred's eye fell upon the old letter. She lifted it in her fingers that trembled a little.

"Keep it, father," she said.

"Marie, my veil."

By Winifred Black



You Are Just Half a Woman as Long as You Do Not Marry; Bachelor Maids Are Lookers-on

A YOUNG and enthusiastic bachelor maid has just written me, taking me very forcefully to task for my views, or what she conceives to be my views, on marriage.

"You say," says the bachelor maid, "that you would rather see your little daughter married to a poor stick than to see her not married at all. I am surprised! I honor a woman who will not marry because she does not love."

So do I, dear bachelor maid—so do I.

When I speak of marrying or not-marrying I never take into consideration at all the woman who marries for anything but love. Any marriage but marriage for love is no marriage at all.

When I said what I did about the woman who does not marry, I meant just this—that while she may be and often is a fine and a lovable woman, but what has he not lost in the old yet she is and must be just half a little human experience which makes woman as long as she does not marry, him boil the motorman on the way to just as a man is but half a man as long as he does not marry.

So human being can shut the greater part of human experience out of life without being in the end a loser by it.

Life is, after all, nothing but a big school. Some of the classes are pleasant, and some of them are decidedly unpleasant, but we learn something in every one of them. Marriage is one of the most important classes in all human experience. If you have not studied in that class you can't get a full certificate of graduation, that's all.

You are to most people you know, no matter how close you come to them in the way of friendship, or of love, merely what the racing people call "a rank outsider."

Half the time when people are talking about you, you do not know what on earth they are talking about.

A woman who has never borne a child has never more than half lived

What's the use of pretending about these things? It doesn't alter the truth any to pretend so much.

Bachelor maids are all very well. They undoubtedly serve a purpose in the world or they would not exist, but when it comes to the serious business of life, after all, they are but the embroidery on the hem of the garment, the feather on the hat.

A woman who has never walked the floor with a fretful baby has missed a lot of exasperating worry and irritating distress, but she's missed a

and becoming a mother is the office as a man and a brother when he hears him telling the conductor his troubles with the boss or the car.

Bachelor maids and bachelor men are nothing but lookers-on, in Venice, or in Kalamazoo, or in Kalamazoo, or wherever they happen to think they are living.

They are like the small boy who creeps in under the canvas at the circus after the grand entry is over.

They never see the whole of the show.

Wait till you meet a man you love, dear bachelor maid, before you marry, and if you never meet such a man, don't marry at all, but do not try to deceive yourself or your friends into the belief that you are glad that you have missed the only life that's half worth living after all—the natural, primeval, get-back-to-the-beginning-of-things life of a married woman.

WINIFRED BLACK.

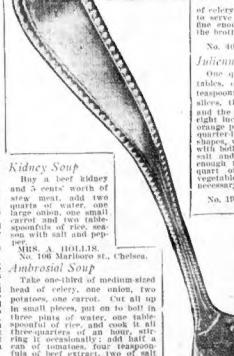
Could You Use a Soup Ladle of Solid Silver?

SOUP!

Sounds simple enough, doesn't it?

HUP!—How many good dinners have been spoiled by a bad soup at the start, and how many bad dinners saved by a good one?

Can you make a good soup, a fine soup, a superlative soup? A soup that satisfies the palate, the while it whets it for the dinner yet to come? A soup that slips over the palate like the very nectar of Olympus?



Kidney Soup

Buy a beef kidney and 5 cents' worth of stew meat, add two quarts of water, one large onion, one small carrot and two tablespoonfuls of rice, season with salt and pepper.

MRS. A. HOLLIS.

No. 106 Marlboro st., Chelsea.

Ambrosial Soup

Take one-third of medium-sized head of celery, one onion, two potatoes, one carrot. Cut all up in small pieces, put on to boil in three pints of water, one tablespoonful of rice, and cook in all three-quarters of an hour, stirring in occasionally; add half a can of tomatoes, four teaspoonfuls of beef extract, two of salt and one of butter, half a saltspoonful of pepper, three tablespoonfuls of Worcestershire; press through a colander, return to the kettle; now blend together a pint of water, three tablespoonfuls of flour until there are no lumps, pour into the soup, stir-ring continually for ten minutes.

MRS. E. G. EDWARDS.

No. 8 Oak street, Boston.

Mutton Broth, Tapiocc

Sprinkle one-half cup of tapioca into two quarts of mutton broth, from which all fat has been removed. Boil vigorously for two or three minutes, then simmer for fifteen minutes. In the meantime cook together one pint of tomatoes, an onion sliced), two stalks of celery and five peppercorns. When ready to serve strain the tomatoes (use a sieve fine enough to keep back the seeds) into the broth and season with salt and pepper.

MRS. C. A. ANDREWS.

No. 40 Bristol street, Cambridge.

Julienne Soup

One quart stock; one pint mixed vegetables, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-half teaspoonful pepper; cut the celery into thin slices, the turnip into quarter inch dice, and the carrot into three-quarters by one-eighth inch strips or straws, using only the orange part. Or cut carrot and turnip into quarter-inch slices, and then into fancy shapes, with small vegetable cutters; cover with boiling water, add half teaspoonful of salt and cook until soft, but not long enough to destroy their shapes. Let the stock come to a boil; add the vegetables, the water and more salt if necessary. Serve hot.

MRS. A. H. HARDING.

No. 191 Webster street, East Boston.

Tomato Bisque

One can (or quart) of fresh tomatoes, stew until soft. Strain and season with just a dash of cayenne and black pepper, a saltspoon of salt and butter the size of a walnut; one pint of hot milk, with a bit of soda the size of a pea to prevent the acid of tomato from curdling the milk; pour together in a heated tureen and serve immediately with crostinos.

MRS. P. W. PULLOCK.

North Cambridge.

First Aid To The Lovelorn

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

Will you kindly advise me what to do in a matter of this kind. I have been engaged to a young lady for about a year and a half, and our wedding was set for two months ago, at which time she postponed it indefinitely, and would give me no reason for doing so, but will not release me, telling me I must wait and that she will tell me when she can. I am amply able to take care of her, and cannot see why she should do this.

R. A. W.

THIS certainly is a most peculiar state of affairs. I think the young lady owes you some explanation for her behavior. I would tell her how long you wished to wait, and at the end of that time insist on her explanation or refuse to wait any more.

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am thirty years old and am deeply in love with a young lady of twenty-five. Although a bachelor, I cannot marry at this present time owing to family obligations. As I do not know whether she really cares for me, please tell me if it would be fair for me to ask her to wait, or to ask her to wait for me, possibly for two or three years. She will not release me, telling me I must wait and that she will tell me when she can. I am amply able to take care of her, and cannot see why she should do this.

MUCH WORRIED.

IF you really love her I should certainly advise you to ask her if she is willing to wait for you. I am sure if your love is returned she will do so, but try anyway.

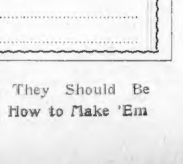
Hearst's Boston American Pattern

A Pretty Shirt Waist for a Pretty Maid

No. 2,745—In this age of fad and fashion the cunning woman must be clothed in and becoming shirt waists as her mother. These must be simple in design and rich in fabric to suit the youthful figure. The accompanying illustration portrays a style almost ideal in its suitability to the school girl. The box backward-turning tucks or gathers, if preferred, on the shoulder but sufficient fullness for the front, while the back is relieved of its plainness by the straight yoke. French flannel, silk or any of the soft flannel-like materials would be appropriate for this waist. The quantity required for the medium size is 2¾ yards of 36-inch material.

Pattern 2,745 is in the three sizes, from 12 to 16 years.

To obtain Pattern No. 2,745 send 10 cents and the size, name and address to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 220, Boston, Mass.



2745

No. 2,745.

SIZE.....

NAME.....

ADDRESS.....

More "Beauty Ball" Marvels in To-morrow's Boston Sunday American

THE FIVE FASHIONABLE DIMPLES

Where They Should Be and How to Make 'Em

NEARLY $7,000 MADE AT FAIR FOR CRIPPLES

Believed That Full Returns Will Prove It the Best, Financially, Ever Held.

ONE TABLE MADE $1,215

As a result of the fair for the Industrial School for Crippled and Deformed Children there already has been turned over to the treasurer the sum of $6,000, and it is expected that it will reach $7,000 within a few days. The fair was one of the most successful in the history of the school, and it is anticipated that, financially, it will be the best ever held.

Judging from the figures that are obtainable at present, Mrs. Arthur Lincoln and Mrs. Gordon Abbott, who had the cushion table in charge, realized the most money, their receipts being $1,215. The table next the candy table, in charge of Miss Adele Thayer, and the household table, under the supervision of Mrs. A. L. Daniels. Each of these departments has $1,000 credited to it. The school table, which was under the direction of Mrs. P. S. Parker, is credited with $103; the baby table with $140 and the head Mrs. H. S. Grew 2d, $410; the cake table, with Mrs. Wallace Goodrich as manager, $580, and the tea table, over which Mrs. S. R. Anthony was responsible, $413. Mrs. H. G. O. Colby, who was in charge of the bundle counter, reports $1,143; Mrs. G. S. Mumford, who had the flower table, $678, and Mrs. Winston Churchill, who did the honors at the lamp shade table, $580. The restaurant, which Mrs. William Appleton, Jr., had in charge, is responsible for the sum of $280, and the cause has been further enriched by about $100 in donations.

* * *

While the North Shore lies peacefully and quiet under a deep carpet of snow, and a great majority of the Summer homes of the Boston set are closed and all shuttered for the Winter, there is still much bustle about the closed houses, for many of the smart set are having additions and repairs made. In most cases these additions are at automobile sheds. Men like Henry Lee Higginson, Prescott Bigelow, Philip Dexter and others, who made protestations against the manner in which autos were run last Summer, will certainly have their hands full the coming Summer, for most of the garages that are being constructed mean that new people will own machines next Summer.

Among the well-known North Shore men who have just procured machines is E. C. Pitch, who is at present at his home on Commonwealth avenue. Mr. Pitch is building a garage at his Manchester home and has just had delivered to him a three new twenty-four-horsepower Winton, which he had made to order. His sixteen-horsepower machine he has given to his son, Conover Pitch, and that young man can be seen on Commonwealth avenue every day, driving his new possession.

* * *

The Bryce J. Allens, who, for the past month, have been going out but little owing to the recent death of Mr. Allen's brother, are entertaining a house party at their North Shore place at Beverly Cove over Sunday. Mrs. Allen made her reappearance in society at the recent Assembly. The Allens plan to open their North Shore home at the first sign of Spring, and will probably be settled there by the middle of April. Mr. Allen is having a number of improvements made on his North Shore residence, among them being the construction of a garage.

* * *

Among the society people who have recently sought the South and are at present in Jamaica are Mrs. J. F. Pennell and her daughter, Miss Nellie Pennell, of Cambridge, and Mr. and Mrs. George E. Crosby and Mr. and Mrs. George P. Hodgdon, of Boston. These people sailed on Wednesday of this week and are expected at the Richfield at Port Antonio. Mrs. and Miss Pennell are to return from the South in March, while those from Boston are planning to remain until late in the Spring.

* * *

Miss Anna F. Wirth, Dr. C. S. Mills, Mrs. E. H. Fitler, Miss Elsie Fitler and Dale Fitler, all of Philadelphia, who were on for the wedding of Miss Elsa Wirth and Edwin Fitler, Jr., which took place at the Somerset Wednesday noon, returned to Philadelphia to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Fitler, the bride and groom, are at present in New York and will leave there for Florida Monday. The honeymoon trip will last for two months' duration and they will be at home in Philadelphia after May 1.

* * *

The Arthur W. Littles, who have been at their beautiful estate at Swampscott all Winter, are to move into town and will take a house on Commonwealth avenue for the remainder of the Winter.

Hetty Green, America's richest woman, tells how she leads the "Simple Life," exclusively in to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

FIVE HUNDRED CHILDREN TO DANCE AT BARNARD MEMORIAL FESTIVAL

LITTLE UNA WRIGHT. WALTER JOLLIMORE.

CHILDREN WHO WILL DANCE AT FESTIVAL.

The annual festival of Barnard Memorial Unitarian Church at No. 10 Warrenton street will be held in Mechanics' Building on Washington's Birthday. Five hundred children will take part in the dancing and flag marches.

The entertainment will begin at 10 a. m. and continue until 5 p. m. Twelve girls in costume will give a dance called "Daughters of the Nation," while twelve others will give a symbol dance. Twenty-four children between the ages of six and eight, dressed as Pierrots and Pierrettes will dance, and the Swedish "weaving dance" will be given by twenty girls in costume. The entertainment will conclude with an Irish dance, "The Kerry Dancers," given by four boys and four girls.

The Rev. B. F. McDaniel has charge of the arrangements for the entertainment.

MABEL JOLLIMORE.

2,000 ATTEND GAMMA DELTA GIRLS' DINNER

Greek Societies Hold Dancing Parties, but "Klatsch Collegium" Dance Omitted.

College students and society people to the number of two thousand gathered at the building of Boston University, corner of Somerset street and Ashburton place, at the "Klatsch Collegium" given under the auspices of the Gamma Delta Sorority, a society comprising all the girl students of the university.

The affair was one of the most enjoyable since the custom was instituted twelve years ago. College colors, class banners and flags formed the decorations of the different classes. Several of the Greek letter societies had their friends at dancing parties, as the customary "Klatsch Collegium" dance was omitted.

The matron at the table of the senior class was Mrs. Ralph Bolfield of South Weymouth. Her assistants were Miss Gladys M. Barker, of Brookline, and Miss Amy E. Capen, of Stoughton. The second senior table was presided over by Miss Mary L. Sise, of Boston.

The hostesses for the junior class, which entertained in Conversation Hall, were Miss Sarah L. Collins of Brighton and Miss Francesca Sawtelle of Salem. They were assisted by Miss Alice Jonsson of Brookline, Miss Mabel Brine of Wellesley, Miss Carlotta M. Brantz of Cambridge and Miss Laura Sanborn of Hampton Falls, N. H. The matrons were Mrs. James P. Given of Woburn and Mrs. H. E. Bullock of South Boston.

Miss Bertha Munro was the presiding genius of one of the sophomore tables, her assistants being Miss Alma Bone of Somerville and Miss Elizabeth W. Paige of Medford Hillside. Mrs. Edith Chadwick presided over by Miss Helen Osgood of Lynn, assisted by Miss Genevieve Elder of Medford Hillside and Miss Edith Chadwick of Medford Hillside. Mrs. Osgood of Lynn was the matron.

The freshmen tables were presided over by Miss Martha Hilson of Sharon and Miss Cora Kelley of Ekonk, Conn. Their assistants were Miss Blanche Charlton of Roslindale, Miss Edna Tirrel of Wintrop, Miss Helen D. Bliss of Quincy and Miss Victoria M. Zeltar of West Newton.

The committee who had the affair in charge were Miss Harriet S. Fisk of Auburndale, for the senior class; Miss Grace E. Fisher of Cambridge, for the juniors; Miss Edith Chadwick of Malden, for the sophomores, and Miss Marion Legg of Medford Hillside, for the freshmen. The matrons were Miss Maude S. O'Neil of Somerville, Miss Emily C. Thomas, Miss Helen M. Flanders, Miss Jessica L. Markley, Miss Edith Bates, Miss Annie P. Gilchrist and Miss Edith Chadwick.

SALMON AT $1.25 A POUND

Fresh fish sold in this city to-day for the unheard of price of $1.25 a pound. They were salmon and the first catch of the season. The fish arrived here on the steamer Boston from Nova Scotia.

Much interest was centered in the arrival and at once a strong rivalry began among the dealers as to who should get the fish. There were only five of them in the lot and their total weight was fifty one pounds. Each of the five dealers got the catch and told no difficulty in disposing of it at the fancy price quoted.

Do the dead come back? Professor Serviss makes a careful study of facts and writes a remarkable article for to-morrow's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

OYSTER BAY MAN STABS DOCTOR

Special to the Boston American.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Feb. 18.—In an attack with a knife on Dr. Louis Keyser, 1 Post Road Fifth street, South Boston, early to-day.

She was employed as servant in the family of Joseph Zajic. Mrs. Zajic was awakened by the smell of gas, which they traced to Miss Cukup's room. They found the servant dead on her bed lounge, while gas was escaping from a half-opened jet. Medical Examiner Draper pronounced the death accidental and the body was given in charge of Miss Cukup's sister, Mrs. F. J. Bursh of No. 59 Thomas Park.

DEAD FROM ESCAPING GAS

Miss Mary Cukup, sixty-five years old, was found dead from accidental asphyxiation by illuminating gas in her room at No. 1 Post Road Fifth street, South Boston, early to-day.

SERVANTS FREE IN GEM ROBBERY

David L. Smith and his wife, Hattie, were exonerated in court to-day from the charge of having substituted a bit of glass for a diamond, said to be worth $7,500, in a brooch left with Mrs. Alfred A. Somerville, and his wife were employed as butler and cook in the Somerville home, at No. 338 Charles River road.

On the stand Mr. Somerville said that his wife sent the brooch, valued at $2,500, to a jeweler's on October 1 to be cleaned. Since then she had kept it in a bureau drawer. Recently she had occasion to take it out and then discovered that a paste gem had been substituted for one of the large jewels.

Table d'Hote Dinner
Served Daily, Sundays included, at
CRAWFORD HOUSE
to Ladies and Gentlemen's Room 2-3-4, 11 A. M. to 2:30 P. M.
Price 75 Cents. GOODWIN & HEMENWAY.

ACTOR'S BRIDE CONSENTED TO STAGE WEDDING

Bath Heiress Remarries Before 1,600 People at Lowell Opera House.

LOWELL, Feb. 18.—"I won't be married on the stage, and even 'Billy' can't persuade me to, emphatically declared the charming Mrs. Louis Baechler. Then exercising a woman's right to change her mind, she consented to the ceremony, and it was performed last night on the stage of the Lowell Opera House. This was a remarriage. By it she was remarried to her second hero, Louis Baechler, known on the stage as William Hayward Claire. Six-teen hundred persons witnessed the ceremony.

The twice made Mrs. Baechler was formerly Miss Louise Twitchell of Bath. Her father was once Mayor of that city and at one time was a State Senator. She is an heiress to a considerable fortune. She was married to the actor in Bath last Saturday, but they decided to have this second wedding on the stage. Mr. Baechler appearing for the second time in the make-up of his part as the villain in "Kentucky Belle," a production the play now being presented by the Blake Stock Company, of which he is member.

Rev. W. H. Williams, a retired clergyman, performed the ceremony. The bride, as white as marble, stood quietly, faintly answering the questions he asked while the great audience listened intently. Then, when the "I pronounce you man and wife" was reached there was a roar of applause and the curtain fell on the scene. Afterwards a supper was served.

"I love my love with every letter of the alphabet, for she's amiable, brave, courageous, daring, earnest and has more good qualities than there are letters in the alphabet," said Mrs. Baechler enthusiastically to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter.

RICH BLOOD MADE
Cleanses Whole System and Throws Off "Tired" Feeling
MANY PRAISE QUINONA

"Quinona proved a fine blood purifier in my case. My face w covered with pimples which soon disappeared after taking Quinona," writes Harry M. Cestjn, 12 E. Springfield street, Boston. Mrs. Mattie Blunt, 663 Shawmut avenue, Roxbury district, Boston, says: "I have been suffering from nervousness and sleeplessness for months. After trying different remedies without apparent result I tried Quinona and am delighted to testify it has made a complete cure." Mrs. Mary Engledson, 20 Dunlow street, Dorchester, writes: "Quinona has restored my appetite and my vitality when I was all run down. Quinona will bring you good health as surely as it has all others. It is the one preparation which gives its complete formula on each bottle. All druggists sell Quinona, $1.00 for large bottle. For free medical advice write The Quinona Co., 1 Hartford St., Boston.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McCARTY . . . Lessee and Mgr.
High-Class Attractions at Fair Prices.
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CHARLES FROHMAN Presents
WILLIAM FAVERSHAM
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LABOR NEWS

Allied Printing Trades Union Label Council 96

The case of the engineer discharged by a large department store has been dropped by Stationary Engineers' No. 16. This action was taken on the recommendation of the Central Labor Union committee appointed to investigate the matter.

A committee from the Stationary Firemen addressed the meeting and made a plea for more satisfactory working arrangements between the engineers and firemen. Local No. 16 appointed a committee to confer with the firemen's committee.

It was reported that theatre were selling rapidly for the annual ball of the union, to be held in Roughan Hall, Charlestown, March 8. Representatives of the union label were received and the members voted to see that only bread bearing the union label entered their households.

METAL POLISHERS' DANCE

The sixth annual ball of Metal Polishers, Buffers and Platers' Union No. 95, in Paine Memorial Hall, was attended by about 600 persons.

Vice-President and Mrs. E. Betterly led the grand march, followed by Recording Secretary and Mrs. Max L. Heger; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Driscoll, Mr. and Mrs. George Mayer, Mr. and Mrs. Mayer Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Creighton and 100 couples.

The officers of the ball were: Floor marshal, W. H. Burnes; assistants, J. Betterly; floor director, Max L. Heger; assistants, A. C. Langlois, George Creighton, W. C. Jordan, J. H. Jordan, Thomas Kay, George Thorp, Samuel Fletcher, Louis Gallisky, A. Burnell, J. Robbins, William Roberts, J. McNabb, M. Murphy, Frank Annis, T. F. Hicks and William H. Hendrickson. The Committee by Arrangements included Edward Hayes, J. Freeman, W. Sampson, D. Trendly and L. Wyman. On the Reception Committee were George W. Lever, C. J. Driscoll, J. Nihan, C. Francis, J. M. Landergan and H. Brennan.

MUSICIANS' BIG CONCERT.

What promises to be the greatest gathering of brass instruments since the Peace Jubilee of 1872 will take place at the monster band concert to be held a week from to-morrow night in Mechanics' Building, under the auspices of the Boston Musicians' Protective Association, for the benefit of their charitable fund.

The performers will number 200, and will be under the leadership of T. M. Carter, the noted conductor. The programme will include popular and classical numbers.

LABOR NOTES.

The Rev. Dennis T. O'Sullivan, S. J., of the Church of the Immaculate Conception, will be the speaker at the educational hour of the Central Labor Union to-morrow afternoon.

Team Drivers' Union No. 025 meets in Redstone Hall, Dover and Albany streets, to-morrow afternoon.

Teamsters' Union No. 243, of East Boston and Chelsea, will hold a special meeting to-morrow afternoon in Central Labor Union Hall, Park street, Chelsea.

Secretary-Treasurer Dennis D. Driscoll and Past President James M. Crozier, of the State branch, will be present to address Local No. 78, Cartmen's Union No. 191 in Machinists' Hall, to-morrow night.

Shipbuilders' Union No. 207 meets in Machinists' Hall, No. 387 Washington street, to-morrow afternoon.

The Carpenters' District Council will hold a special meeting to-morrow afternoon at No. 1051 Washington street, to discuss unfinished business of the last meeting.

Representatives of the Boston Building Trades Council will go to Lynn Monday night, to attend the annual ball of the Lynn B. T. C., in Odd Fellows' Hall.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
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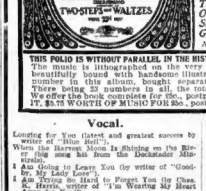

PARTIAL CONTENTS OF THE SMART SET DANCE ALBUM
Big Indian Chief
Egypt
Welcome as the Flowers in May
When Harvest Moons Shining on Riber
I Want to Be a Soldier
The Banana Man
On Lalapana's Shore
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When the Harvest Moon Is Shining on the Rio—a big song hit from the Dockstader Minstrels.
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I Am Trying So Hard to Forget You (by Chas. Horwitz, author of "I'm Wearing My Heart Away for You").
Go On and Coax Me (Harry Von Tilzer's latest and greatest success).
Pieces of silver and Gold (by composer of "Ten Thousand of Arabia Beats").
When the Frost Is on the Pumpkin, Maggie, Dear (by composer of "When the Harvest Moon Is Shining").
A Little Boy Called Taps.
Please Come and Play in My Yard.
Billy (the orphan kid).
Has Your Mother Any More at Home Like You?
Sweet Rose in the Firelight.
I've Got My Eyes on You—so-so-so.
There's a Dear Man Coming with a Bundle for Lew Dockstader's big hits).
You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.
Chicks, Sweet Chicks.
Meet Me in St. Louis, Louis.
In Alabama.
Sweetheart Waiting for Me.
You Got a Feeling for Yum.
Way Down East Among the Shady Maple Trees.

Vocal.
Always (song by Miss Dockstader).
A Kiss for Each Day in the Week (from "The Alaskan").
Come, Take a Trip in My Airship.
Why Don't They Play Me Slow?
Yip-ee-oh, for a Jolly, Good Time.
Hello, Ma Baby.
Hello, Ma Honey.
Hello, Ma Ragtime Gal.
Hello, Central, Give Me Heaven.
Where the Morning Birds Were Singing.
Under the Ladder and the Rose (great Irish song).
Down the Aisle of My Heart, Sweet Adelia.
Love Sings.
Love Sings, Kate, Sings.
Dandy, My Lady Love.
When the Sunset Turns the Green's Blue to Gold.
Good Night, Beloved, Good Night.
The Girl Who Cares for Me (by writer of "Goodbye, Little Girl, Goodbye").
When the Bees Are in the Hive.
Sweet Adair.
Your Dad Hasn't His Like for His Country.

Instrumental.
A TRIP TO NIAGARA MARCH (ONE OF THE PRETTIEST MARCHES PUBLISHED). OVER 50,000 COPIES SOLD UP TO DATE.
A Sprig of Shillalah (by composer of "A Bit o' Blarney").
Princess Royal Schottische.
Fairy Bells Galop Schottische.
A String of Pearls (pretty teaching piece).
Circus Parade No. 2 (Fred's latest success).
Anona (by Mabel McKinley; vocal or instrumental).
Falling Leaves Intermezzo.
College Girl March.
Violets and Roses (flower song).
Uncle Sam Quickstep (march, instrumental).
Star of the Sea (vocal or instrumental).
Sweet Rose (by composer of "Cozy Corner").
Bird and Blossoms Waltz.
Coquettish Rose (beautiful set of waltzes).
Mind Reader Two-Step.
Handsome Harry (two step).
Dream of Love (nocturne).
Dream of Madrid Waltzes.
Sleeping in the Meadows (reverie).
Apple Blossoms.
An Afternoon Tea (a beautiful love poem).
Mid-Winter Schottische.
Our Protector March.
Lew's Garotte Quickstep (By Chas. D. Blake).

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Sunday American

EDITORIAL PAGE OF

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, FEBRUARY 18, 1905

Mr. Rockefeller "Teaches the State a Lesson"

Perhaps in Time the State Will Teach the Rockefellers Various Lessons

In the State of Kansas, under the ground, there is a great deal of oil, put there a long time ago—a very long time, for instance, before Mr. John D. Rockefeller was born.

Mr. Rockefeller feels sure that it was put there FOR HIM.

When men who live in Kansas find the oil and get it out of the ground, Mr. Rockefeller's Standard Oil Company gives them one cent a gallon for it. Then Mr. Rockefeller refines the oil at the cost of another cent a gallon, and then he sells it to you. If you buy any of Mr. Rockefeller's kerosene you know what percentage he makes on the oil that costs him two cents a gallon.

Now the State of Kansas, which occasionally does things, has rebelled against the Rockefeller system.

The people of the State pledged their candidates in advance at the last election to do something about and to the Standard Oil monopoly. The Governor of the State, in obedience to his ante-election pledges, and the legislators were bound to do something.

A bill was introduced in the Senate providing for the expenditure of four hundred thousand dollars on a refinery to be owned and managed by the State in the interest of the owners of oil wells. This refinery would give them refined oil at a reasonable price and make them independent of the Standard Oil Trust.

It had been found impossible to persuade any private capital to go into the thing—Mr. Rockefeller's Standard Oil Company is getting a little bolder than it used to be. It finds both branches of nearly all Legislatures subservient to trusts and only too anxious to be useful to capital. No wonder it gets rather impatient when the mere common, vulgar voters, pledging their candidate in advance to State ownership of an oil refinery, impertinently proceed to interfere with Mr. Rockefeller's monopoly.

There is a story about Mr. Rockefeller that you haven't heard, perhaps. It was told yesterday, and is apparently based on facts.

Mr. Rockefeller and a very great millionaire—great in the ordinary sense; of course, he was a mere pauper beside Mr. Rockefeller—were driving up Fifth avenue together.

The millionaire said to Mr. Rockefeller, who was looking around in his mild way:

"That is Senator Clark's house. The land is worth a million. The house cost a million. And the furnishings in it cost another million."

"Indeed," said Mr. Rockefeller; "I wonder where they get all the money?"

"Well," said the other, "you don't expect to get it ALL, do you?"

We don't know what Mr. Rockefeller said at that particular moment.

But the people of Kansas are probably convinced, as are a majority of the people of the country, that Mr. Rockefeller DOES mean to get it all.

He certainly is going about it in the right way. He owns the oil of the country, controls the Steel Trust and owns the best part of it, owns the New York Central Railroad, a dozen other railroads, practically all the public service corporations in New York City and any number of others.

There is no knowing how many hundreds of millions this concentrated gentleman has piled up. It is quite certain it is a very simple mathematical process to prove one thing:

In not so many years from now either the Rockefeller fortune, thanks to compound interest, will own ALL THE MONEY IN THE UNITED STATES:

Or, THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES WILL HAVE TO TAKE SOME STEPS TO OWN PART OF THE MONEY OF MR. ROCKEFELLER.

It isn't likely that the people are really going to let Mr. Rockefeller own all the money.

Even Mr. Rockefeller, we think, would admit that. It would bore him to have EVERYBODY IN THE UNITED STATES ON HIS PAY-ROLL OR IN THE POORHOUSE.

The effort in Kansas to have the people through their State OWN SOMETHING undoubtedly seems impertinent now to Mr. Rockefeller's agents.

But we think that Mr. Rockefeller himself, after mature deliberation, will tell his agents not to teach the State TOO MANY LESSONS. He will certainly tell them to teach the lessons quietly, after he gets into his head a slight conception of what the State might do to him.

Mr. Rockefeller is different from the mushroom millionaires whom he makes with a nod of his head. He actually WORKED, once upon a time, with his hands. And he has worked ever since with his brain.

He knows something about men. And he knows that the time is coming when even the greatest of the trusts will have to let the people think that they have partial control of their own resources—even the right to build a State refinery, if they choose to do so.

A GOOD SHOW

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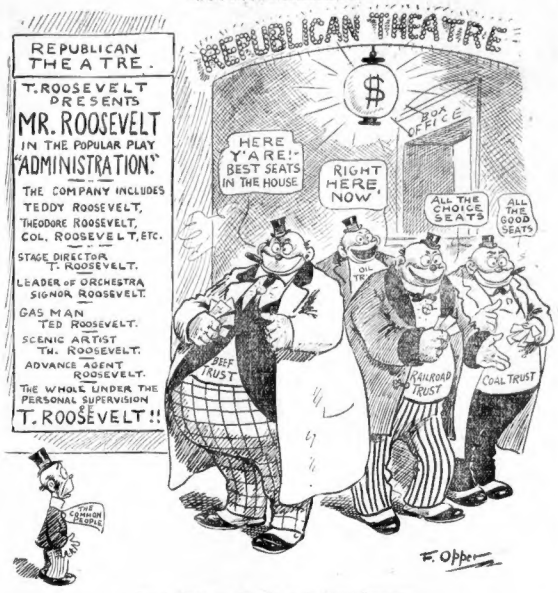


But It Ought to Get Rid of the Ticket Speculators

AREN'T MEN THE WRETCHES?

Copyright, 1905, by American Journal-Examiner.

1. MRS. SNOOKS—Now, John, I am going to INSIST that you take a cold sponge bath every morning. I must insist that you obey me.

2. MRS. SNOOKS (the next morning)—Now don't forget, John, the colder the water the better.
MR. SNOOKS—All right, wifey.

3. MR. SNOOKS—B-r-r-r-h! Gee! Wroo! R-r-r-r-h! R-o-o-h! Wroo!
MRS. SNOOKS (outside the bathroom door)—How does it go, John?
MR. SNOOKS—Fine! FINE! A-a-a-h! That's great!

4. MRS. SNOOKS—Now what did I tell you? You look like a new man. You must promise me to do that every morning.
MR. SNOOKS—Anything to please you, wifey. Ah! I feel like a fighting cock.

Little Editorials from the People

SICKNESS OR PENITENTIARY

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In your issue of February 8 the statement is made by Elbert Hubbard, under the head of "Little Sermons," "that it is a greater disgrace to be sick than to be in the penitentiary." To say that if one is in the pen he has merely broken some man-made statute would present the idea that the writer considered man self-creative. Every law man has is the natural outgrowth of some divine law. Man never was sentenced to the penitentiary for committing a crime, but because he loved himself and not God. Sickness is the result of disobedience to some law, not directly only the law of nature; for the mind, or man himself, may never have transgressed God's law, as in the case of infants.

The convict has transgressed both the laws of God and man, and the sick person has transgressed the laws of nature only, unless the body controls the mind. We know that the body is an humiliation, but that it is not a disgrace. To one, man is the physician; to the other, God is the healer. In both cases "you must be born again."

Leominster, Mass. E. C. MURPHY.

WE ARE GLAD YOU LIKE THEM

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

The halftones and drawings in the AMERICAN are a credit to your paper. With one or two exceptions the writer has the entire set of baseball photos as published in the AMERICAN during the baseball season. In many cases they have been framed, and it is somewhat difficult to distinguish the same from the genuine photographs. For the past two weeks the illustrations of the Nantucket ice embargo have appealed to me in a great extent, as for the past ten years I have been a regular Sunday visitor to the quaint old island. They have form another new attraction for the already large AMERICAN scrap book. During the famous Tucker trial I judge the AMERICANS illustrations as being in a class by themselves, and by far ahead of any other newspaper.

WILLARD F. BALL.
Quincy.

IN BUGVILLE

Copyright, 1905, by American Journal-Examiner.

FARMER BUG—Hey! Can't you leave a fellow's wood pile alone when you build your confounded nests?

BUG—Why do they call you woodchuck? WOODCHUCK—Oh, just to give people a chance to spring that joke about a woodchuck chucking wood, I suppose.

WILLIE OWL—Wanna! I'm not going to stop all day at Johnnie Bet's house any more. We had to sleep hanging upside down and it made my head swim!

MRS. MOUSE—Henry, you're late again, and you needn't try to work that trap story any more!

Bills That Restrict Voice of the People

By Frank K. Foster

THE great statesman who proclaimed the supreme truth that "eternal vigilance is the price of liberty" would find interesting matter for further comment could he be permitted to survey the present field of legislative activity in this Commonwealth.

Not for many years, if ever, has there been introduced in the Legislature such a large number of measures looking to the restriction of the popular will and investing with more power those holding authority.

This latent distrust of democratic method of government is by no means confined to Massachusetts, but shows itself in the literature of the time, in the books of political economists and in the utterances of some who have claims to be regarded as eminent authorities in the science of government.

These advocates of "selected" or appointive government, as opposed to democratic government, usually put forward the argument of economy, or of expediency, in support of the propositions for limiting the scope of the activity of the mass of the people. They hold, for instance, that specially qualified persons, like mayors of cities, will make a better choice of school committeemen than the public at large.

The defenders of democracy—alas that it should need defence in Massachusetts—are quite willing to concede that a wise despotism may result in an efficient and economical administration, but not all despotisms are wise, and it is the purpose of democracy to prevent despotisms of any kind. The late John Fisk, in his famous essay upon Jefferson, well states the case, as follows:

"We often hear people say that the experiment of universal suffrage is a failure, that it simply results in the sway of demagogues, who marshal at the polls their hordes of bribed or petted followers. This is no doubt very bad. It is a serious danger against which we must provide. But do these objectors ever stop to think how much worse it would be if these demagogues, instead of marshaling their creatures at the polls, were able to stand up and inflame their passions with the cry that in this country they have no vote, no share in making the laws; that they are kept out of their just dues by an upper class of rich men who can make the laws?"

Fortunately an open proposition to restrict the suffrage to property owners would in this State meet with short shrift, but this does not prevent the attempt to restrict ways in which the ballot is now used by those whom Autolycus calls "snappers up of unconsidered trifles."

A trio of what justly may be denominated Tory measures, now pending before the Legislature—in addition to the venerable biennial bill, which it was supposed received its quietus by the overwhelming popular vote against it a few years ago—are House Bills numbered 24, 459 and 688.

The first enumerated of these embraces the proposition to reduce the School Committee to seven persons, who shall be appointed by the Mayor, instead of being as at present elected by the people. It may be granted that the School Committee, as at present constituted, is by no means an ideal body, but that is not equivalent to saying that it would be better to remove its members from accountability to their constituents. The labor people, especially, are up in arms against any such change, and their instincts in this matter may be relied upon.

House Bill 459 provides for a change in the method of selecting jurors in the County of Suffolk, by giving to the justices of the Supreme Judicial Court the power to appoint a commissioner of jurors, who shall hold office for the term of eight years. Very strong influences are back of this measure, which was introduced upon petition of an Ex-Mayor of Boston, although there are many members of the legal profession who are opposed to it, and who will be heard from when the proper time comes.

House Bill 688 strikes at the popular nature of the jury system, but in another way, i. e., by giving judges the power to charge juries in respect to matters of fact as well as to matters of law. It is apparent, at a glance, that with juries appointed by a commissioner, over whom the people have no jurisdiction, and with judges empowered to point out what are the facts in a case, the office of a juryman becomes a comparatively perfunctory one.

The sinister tendency of this kind of legislation is so well recognized by liberal-minded members of the legal profession that steps have already been taken for organized opposition to it by members of the Suffolk County Bar, who feel that with all its defects the jury system is one of the great popular safeguards and that its integrity should be jealously safeguarded against these hampering limitations.

The general public is usually but slightly conversant with the routine of legislation, and therein lies the danger of the triumph of Tory measures of this nature, backed by the influence of those who seek to remove the courts and other institutions from the supervision of the popular will.

There is not the slightest doubt but that these changes are abhorrent to the majority of the citizenship, and it is fortunate that a medium exists, such as the BOSTON AMERICAN, by means of which information may be given and attention attracted to those things which have a tendency to the subversion of true democratic government.

FRANK K. FOSTER.

The Song of the Sabre

By Charles P. Clark

CRINGE is thy castle, coward Czar!
Thy fears are but the murderer's meet.
So hide the head while Vladimir
Unsheathes Freedom's fettered feet.

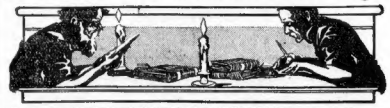
For the seed that ye sow ye shall garner,
And the sword of Vladimir the Great
Is red with the blood of Russia,
Shed at thy palace gate.

Wake not from sleep, thou Romanoff!
'Tis but a sabred woman's cry.
And royal murderers must rest,
Though mothers and their babes may die.
Sleep Romanoff! Thou canst not know
Thy "children's" bitter pangs of pain—
The sons that for thine empire died—
Their mothers in thy courtyard slain.

For the wills they have ceased their murmur,
And the people have ceased thee to sese;
But the sinister song of the sabre
Was the answer that Vladimir gave.

The sun shines red, O Romanoff,
Blood-red above thy castle wall;
No Metternich can save thee now—
Sleep on! And let thine empire fall.

More Little Editorials from the People



WHAT ARE SHEEP'S TEETH LIKE?

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

The sheep's teeth are wrong in the big picture on page 1 of the editorial section of the SUNDAY AMERICAN. It was a good editorial, but I kept thinking of those teeth all the time I was reading it.

A Waterville. A MAINE FARMER.

INDIGNATION ABOARD THE RECEIVING SHIP WABASH

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

Mr. W. L. Crosman's editorial in regard to unemployed civilians that enter the army or navy in order to seek recreation and to loaf on the hard-earned wages of every American taxpayer, that helps to build up this great army and navy of ours, caused a stir here, aboard the United States receiving ship Wabash. I wish to state that the whole of Mr. Crosman's statements are false and incorrect. The army and navy must be maintained, but certainly not by men who expect to spend part of their time in idling, loafing and dodging work, for such is not the case, for it is work and plenty of it from sunrise to sunset in both branches of the service.

Should Mr. Crosman doubt my statement let him come aboard of any man-of-war and see and judge for himself. Was it not the men of the service that our American citizen relied upon during all of our conflicts, and have not they always done their duty to the satisfaction of everyone?

Is not every loyal and true American proud of this great army and navy of ours, and is it not his duty to help to increase it? A man that has no ambition or energy cannot enter the service, no matter how hard he tries, for in this great institution only men that work and know what work is are required.

If Mr. Crosman's statements are only based on his ideas (for they are far from being facts), let him try to enter either branches of the service and convince himself accordingly.

I doubt whether any loyal and true American citizen would make such a statement in regard to the fit class of men we have in the service, when they have always shown themselves of true valor and patriotism.

A BLUEJACKET.
Boston.